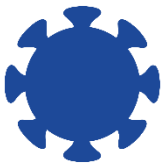


Health at a Glance 2021: OECD Indicators

Highlights for Austria

Health at a Glance provides the latest comparable data and trends on the performance of health systems in OECD countries and key emerging economies. Alongside indicator-by-indicator analysis, this edition offers a special chapter on the health impact of COVID-19.

Life expectancy declined in Austria in 2020, but a strong vaccination campaign and the introduction of the Green Pass helped to sharply reduce COVID-19 deaths



As of November 1, over **835 000 COVID-19 infections** and nearly **11 400 deaths** from the virus had been recorded.



All-cause mortality in 2020 and the first six months of 2021 rose by 9.1% compared with the 2015-2019 average.



Life expectancy at birth fell during the pandemic, from 82 years in 2019 to 81.3 years in 2020 (compared to an average fall of 0.6 years across OECD countries).



The pandemic caused health spending as a share of GDP to rise sharply, from 10.4% in 2019 to 11.5% in 2020 (compared to an average 0.9 percentage point increase in the OECD area).



62% of the Austrian population has been fully vaccinated against COVID-19, compared to 65% across the OECD on average (as of November 1).



Austria had the 13th-highest vaccination rate across 37 OECD countries on July 1, but had **fallen to 14th-lowest** as of November 1.

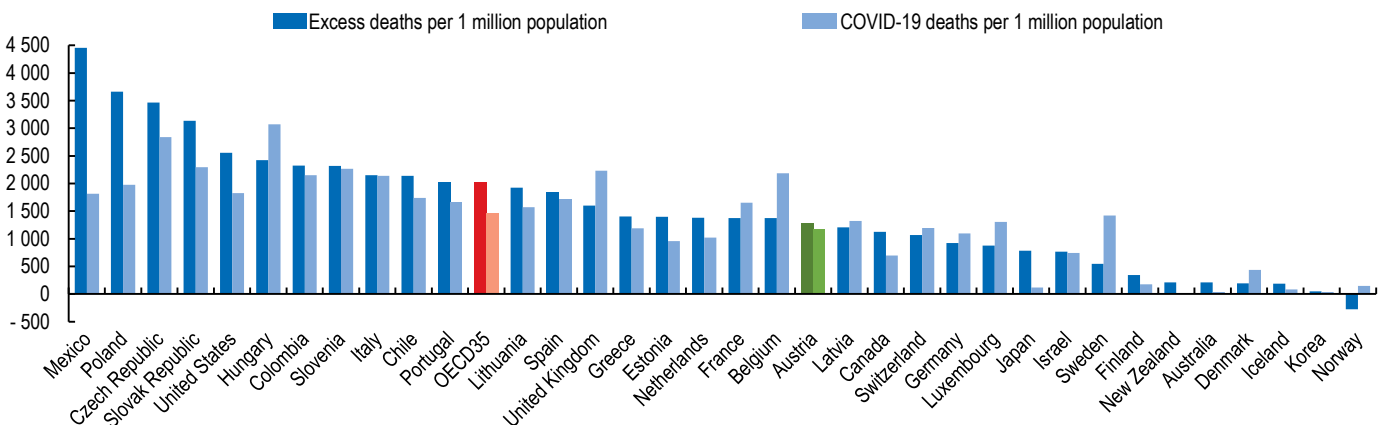


The pandemic resulted in **delays in care**, including a **34%** drop in colorectal cancer screening between January and July 2020, compared to the same period in 2019.



The COVID-19 crisis has had a significant and negative impact on population mental health. More than **one person out of five (21%)** reported symptoms of depression in 2020 – more than twice as high as in 2019.

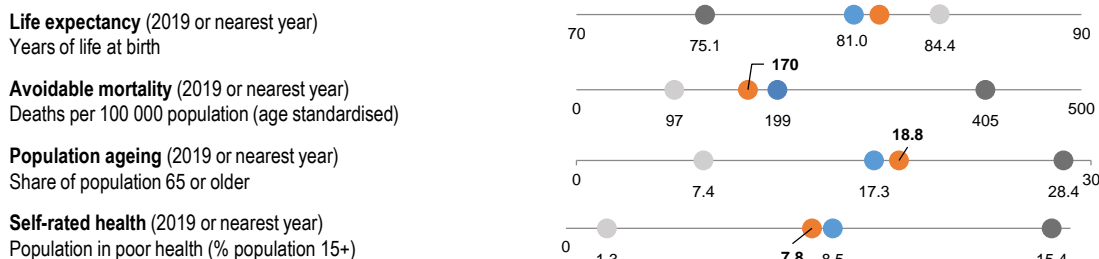
Cumulative excess mortality compared to reported COVID-19 deaths per million population, January 2020 to end June 2021



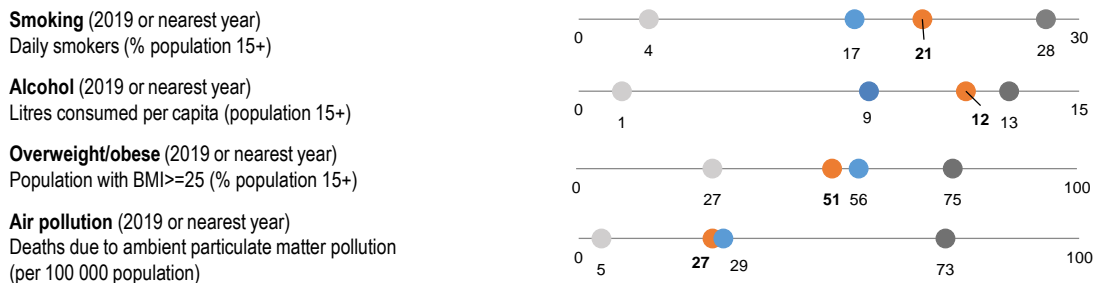
Health at a Glance 2021: How does Austria compare?

● Austria
 ● OECD
 ● Highest performer
 ● Lowest performer

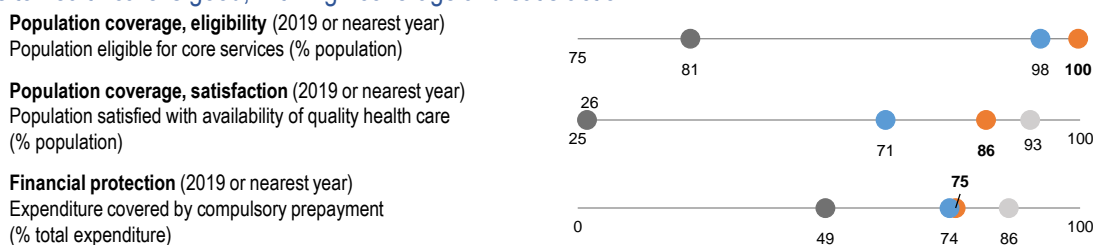
Health status is high in Austria and population ageing is above the OECD average



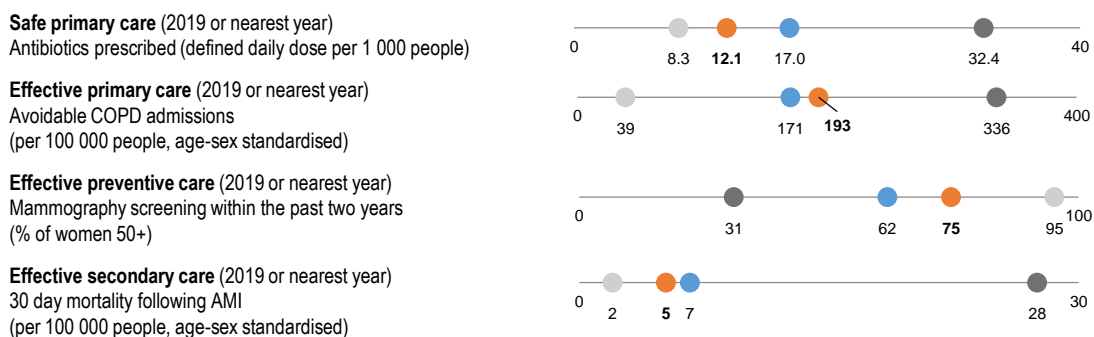
Smoking and alcohol consumption in Austria is much higher than the OECD average



Access to health care is good, with high coverage and satisfaction



Key indicators of care quality are above the OECD average, though primary care could be strengthened to reduce avoidable admissions



Resources for health are above average, with high health spending, workforce and hospital beds

