Kenya

Transfer Pricing Country Profile

February 2022

		SUMMARY	REFERENCE				
	The Arm's Length Principle						
1	Does your domestic legislation or regulation make reference to the Arm's Length Principle?		Income Tax Act cap 470 Laws of Kenya and the Transfer Pricing Rules in the Income Tax Act				
2	What is the role of the OECD Transfer Pricing Guidelines under your domestic legislation?	There is a case law in Kenya that makes reference to the OECD TPG. Kenya uses the current OECD TPG as supplementary guidance but not as a legally binding instrument.	Unilever Kenya Limited V Commissioner Of Domestic Taxes (Income Tax Appeal Case No:753 Of 2003)				
3	Does your domestic legislation or regulation provide a definition of related parties? If so, please provide the definition contained under your domestic law or regulation.		Section 18(6) of The Income Tax Act cap 470 Laws of Kenya.				
		Section 18(6) of The Income Tax Act provides as follows: "For the purposes of subsection (3), a person is related to another if— (a) either person participates directly or indirectly in the management, control or capital of the business of the other; (b) a third person participates directly or indirectly in the management, control or capital of the business of both; or (c) an individual, who participates in the management, control or capital of the business of one, is associated by marriage, consanguinity or affinity to an individual who participates in the management, control or capital of the business of the other." Moreover, paragraph 2 of the Transfer Pricing Rules 2006 provides as follows: "Related enterprises" means one or more enterprises whereby- (a) one of the enterprises participates directly or indirectly in the management, control or capital					

of the other; or (b) a third person participates directly or indirectly in the management, control or capital or both."

In Section 2 of the Income Tax Act, "control" in relation to a person means:

- (a) that the person, directly or indirectly, holds at least twenty per cent of the voting rights in a company;
- (b) a loan advanced by the person to another person constitutes at least seventy per cent of the book value of the total assets of the other person excluding a loan from a financial institution that is not associated with the person advancing the loan;
- (c) a guarantee by the person for any form of indebtedness of another person constitutes at least seventy per cent of the total indebtedness of the other person excluding a guarantee from a financial institution that is not associated with the guarantor;
- (d) the person appoints more than half of the board of directors of another person or at least one director or executive member of the governing board of that person;
- (e) the person is the owner of or has the exclusive rights over the know-how, patent, copyright, trade mark, licence, franchise or any other business or commercial right of a similar nature, on which another person is wholly dependent for the manufacture or processing of goods or articles or business carried on by the other person;
- (f) the person or a person designated by that person— (i) supplies at least ninety per cent of the supply of the purchases of another person; and (ii) upon assessment, the Commissioner deems influence in the price or other conditions relating to the supply of the purchases of another person;
- (g) the person purchases or designates a person— (i) to purchase at least ninety per cent of the sales of another person; and (ii) upon assessment, the Commissioner deems influences in the price or any other conditions of the sales of another person;
- (h) the person has any other relationship, dealing or practice with another person which the Commissioner may deem to constitute control.

	Transfer Pricing Methods									
4	Does your domestic legislation provide for transfer pricing methods to be used in respect of transactions between related parties?		 ☑ Yes ☐ No If affirmative, please check those provided for in your legislation: 				The Transfer Price Rules are in Legal Notice No:67 of 2006 within the Income Tax Act			
			CUP	Resale Price	Cost Plus	TNMM	Profit Split	Other (If so, please describe) ⊠		
		of Th the of	Kenya properties the transaction the transaction in	ovides for to pricing rulusioner from actions, the	he transfer per per per per per per per per per p	pricing meth for such other, where in his th price can	ods accepter or method a is opinion a	Tax Act Cap 470 Led in Kenya. s may be prescribed and in view of the namined using any of	l by	
5	Which criterion is used in your jurisdiction for the application of transfer pricing methods?		Hierarch Most app Other (if	all that apply of method propriate meso, please and me with the	ls ethod	i.				Paragraph 8(2) of the Transfer Pricing Rules 2006 under the Income tax Act Cap 470
6	If your domestic legislation or regulations contain specific guidance on commodity transactions, indicate which of the following approaches is followed.	K	Domestic transacti Other (<i>if</i>	c legislation tons involving so, please emestic legis	22 of the TP n mandates the ng commod explain)	G is followed the use of a solities (if so, p	ed. specific met please explo	guidance contained thod for controlled tin) dance on commodit		

	Comparability Analysis						
7	Does your jurisdiction follow (or largely follow) the guidance on comparability analysis outlined in Chapter III of the TPG?	 ☑ Yes ☐ No This is implemented as a best practice as a result of the Unilever Kenya Limited case. 	Unilever Kenya Limited V Commissioner Of Domestic Taxes (Income Tax Appeal Case No:753 Of 2003)				
8	Is there a preference in your jurisdiction for domestic comparables over foreign comparables?	□ Yes ⊠ No					
9	Does your tax administration use secret comparables for transfer pricing assessment purposes?	□ Yes □ No					
10	Does your legislation allow or require the use of an arm's length range and/or statistical measure for determining arm's length remuneration?	☑ Yes☑ NoThe OECD TPG are followed in the application of an arm's length range.					
11	Are comparability adjustments required under your domestic legislation or regulations?	☐ Yes ☑ No					
		Intangible Property					
12	Does your domestic legislation or regulations contain guidance specific to the pricing of controlled transactions involving intangibles?	☐ Yes ☐ No Kenya's transfer pricing domestic law or regulations do not contain specific guidance to pricing of controlled transactions involving intangibles. However, Kenya follows the OECD TPG in this respect.					
13		□ Yes					

	Does your domestic legislation or	⊠ No				
	regulation provide for transfer pricing rules or special measures regarding hard-to-value intangibles (HTVI)?	Kenya follows the OECD TPG on HTVI.				
14	Are there any other rules outside	⊠ Yes	Ninth Schedule to the Income Tax Act Cap 470			
	transfer pricing rules that are relevant for the tax treatment of transactions	\square No				
	involving intangibles?	Under paragraph 13 of the ninth schedule to the Income Tax Act Cap 470, there are guidelines on how to value mining rights in the case of a farm out.				
		Intra-group Services				
15	Does your domestic legislation or	□ Yes				
	regulations provide guidance specific to intra-group services transactions?	\boxtimes No				
		Kenya's transfer pricing domestic law or regulations do not contain specific provisions on intra-group services transactions. However, Kenya follows the OECD TPG in this respect.				
16	Do you have any simplified approach	⊠ Yes				
	for low value-adding intra-group services?	\square No				
		Kenya follows the OECD TPG.				
17	Are there any other rules outside	⊠ Yes	Section 18(4) and (5) of the Income Tax Act Cap			
	transfer pricing rules that are relevant for the tax treatment of transactions involving services?		470 Laws of Kenya			
		Section 18(4) and (5) of the Income Tax Act Cap 470 Laws of Kenya provides for rules limiting the deductibility of intra-group services expenses.				
	Financial Transactions					
18		□ Yes				
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	[NEW] Does your domestic legislation or regulations provide guidance specific to financial transactions?	Kenya's transfer pricing domestic law or regulations do not contain specific guidance to financial transactions. However, Kenya follows the OECD TPG in this respect.	
19	[NEW] Are there any other rules outside transfer pricing rules that are relevant for the tax treatment of financial transactions?	 ✓ Yes ☐ No Section 16(2)(j) of the Income Tax Act introduced interest restriction rules using EBITDA through the Finance Act 2021 which subsequently removed the thin capitalisation rules. This is limited to 30% of EBITDA. 	
		Cost Contribution Agreements	
20	Does your jurisdiction have legislation or regulations on cost contribution agreements?	☐ Yes ☑ No Kenya follows the OECD TPG.	
		Transfer Pricing Documentation	
21	Does your legislation or regulations require the taxpayer to prepare transfer pricing documentation?	 ☑ Yes ☐ No If affirmative, please check all that apply: ☐ Master file consistent with Annex I to Chapter V of the TPG 	Paragraph 10 of the Transfer Pricing Rules Section 18(B) of the Income Tax Act Cap 470
		 □ Local file consistent with Annex II to Chapter V of the TPG ☑ Country-by-country report consistent with Annex III to Chapter V of the TPG □ Specific transfer pricing returns (separate or annexed to the tax return) □ Other (specify): Paragraph 10 of the Transfer Pricing Rules provides a requirement of preparation of a transfer pricing policy by a taxpayer. 	

		Moreover, Section 18(B) of the Income Tax Act Cap 470 of the Laws of Kenya introduced the CbCR legislation. This is still a work in progress.	
22	Please briefly explain the relevant requirements related to filing of transfer pricing documentation (i.e. timing for preparation or submission, languages, etc.)	Transfer pricing documentation should be prepared in English and submitted upon request (and the taxpayer is given between 14 and 21 days to submit the documents). Moreover, the proposed CbCR regulations are fully in line with the BEPS Action 13 three-tier approach. Further, the proposed CbCR regulations provide that notification will be due six months prior to the filing upon attaining the threshold set by the Commissioner. The threshold is at the discretion of the Commissioner. Currently it is set at EUR 750 million.	Paragraph 9(3) of the Transfer Pricing Rules in the Income Tax Act
23	Does your legislation provide for specific transfer pricing penalties and/or compliance incentives regarding	☐ Yes ☒ No	Sections 82 and 83 of the Tax Procedures Act, 2015
	transfer pricing documentation?	There are no specific transfer pricing penalties, however a general penalty in sections 82 and 83 of the Tax Procedures Act, 2015, may apply.	
24	If your legislation provides for exemption from transfer pricing documentation obligations, please explain.	Kenya does not have provide for exemption from transfer pricing documentation obligation.	
		Administrative Approaches to Avoiding and Resolving Disputes	
25	Which mechanisms are available in your jurisdiction to prevent and/or resolve transfer pricing disputes?	Please check those that apply: ⊠ Rulings ⊠ Enhanced engagement programs □ Advance Pricing Agreements (APA) □ Unilateral APAs □ Bilateral APAs □ Multilateral APAs □ Mutual Agreement Procedures □ Other (please specify): Detailed information is available at the OECD MAP Profile of Kenya.	Kenya's MAP Profile

	Safe Harbours and Other Simplification Measures						
26	Does your jurisdiction have rules on safe harbours in respect of certain industries, types of taxpayers, or types of transactions?	□ Yes ☑ No					
27	Does your jurisdiction have any other simplification measures not listed in this questionnaire? If so, please provide a brief explanation.	□ Yes ☑ No					
		Other Legislative Aspects or Administrative Procedures					
28	Does your jurisdiction allow/require taxpayers to make year-end adjustments?						
29	Does your jurisdiction make secondary adjustments?	Kenya follows the OECD TPG.					
		This arises in specific instances where there are deemed dividends arising after an adjustment as per section 7(1)(b)(v) of the Income Tax Act or where there is an existing Double Tax Agreement requiring the adjustments to be done.					
		Attribution of Profits to Permanent Establishments					
30	[NEW] Does your jurisdiction follow the Authorised OECD Approaches for the attribution of profits to PEs (AOA)?	 ✓ Yes In how many tax treaties? 15 Treaties. If yes, how do you implement it in cases, where the old tax treaties do not contain the new version of Article 7 (OECD MTC 2010 and later) Kenya applies the procedures required in the Business Profit Articles as defined in the Double Tax Agreements. 					

31	[NEW] Does your jurisdiction follow also another approach?	 No In how many tax treaties? Please see above. For treaties containing the old version of Article 7, Kenya would follow the pre-AOA approach in those treaties. □ Yes ⋈ No 					
	Other Relevant Information						
32	Other legislative aspects or administrative procedures regarding transfer pricing	N/A					
33	Other relevant information (e.g. whether your jurisdiction is preparing new transfer pricing regulations, or other relevant aspects not addressed in this questionnaire)	The Finance Act 2021 introduced part of the CbCR provision (see section 18B of the Income Tax Act). More work is being done on the same.	Section 18B of the Income Tax Act				

For more information, please visit: https://oe.cd/transfer-pricing-country-profiles