Revenue Statistics in Africa 2022 – Cabo Verde

Tax revenues: tax-to-GDP ratio

Tax-to-GDP ratio over time

The tax-to-GDP ratio in Cabo Verde decreased by 1.1 percentage points from 21.2% in 2019 to 20.1% in 2020. In comparison, the average for the 31 African countries within the publication 2022 has decreased by 0.2 percentage points over the same period, and was 16.0% in 2020. Since 2010, the average for the 31 African countries has increased by 1.6 percentage points, from 14.4% in 2010 to 16.0% in 2020. Over the same period, the tax-to-GDP ratio in Cabo Verde has increased by 1.1 percentage points, from 19% to 20.1%. The highest tax-to-GDP ratio in Cabo Verde was 22% in 2018, with the lowest being 15.6% in 2000.

Tax-to-GDP ratio, 2020

Cabo Verde's tax-to-GDP ratio in 2020 (20.1%) was higher than the average of the 31 African countries in Revenue Statistics in Africa 2022 (16.0%) by 4.1 percentage points.

* The Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) and the Asia-Pacific (28) averages refer to the respective 2022 regional publication. For more information see oe.cd/revstatslac and oe.cd/revstatsap.

In the OECD classification the term “taxes” is confined to compulsory unrequited payments to general government. Taxes are unrequited in the sense that benefits provided by government to taxpayers are not normally in proportion to their payments. Non-tax revenues are all other government revenues that are not classified as taxes. http://www.oecd.org/tax/tax-policy/oecd-classification-taxes-interpretative-guide.pdf
Revenue Statistics in Africa is a collaboration between ATAF, AUC and the OECD, with the financial support of the EU. It contributes to the implementation of the second phase of the Pan-African Statistics Programme, a joint AU-EU initiative. For more information see: oe.cd/revstatsafrica.