

Chile

Figure 15. Proportion of CO₂ emissions from energy use subject to different levels of effective carbon rates in Chile in 2015

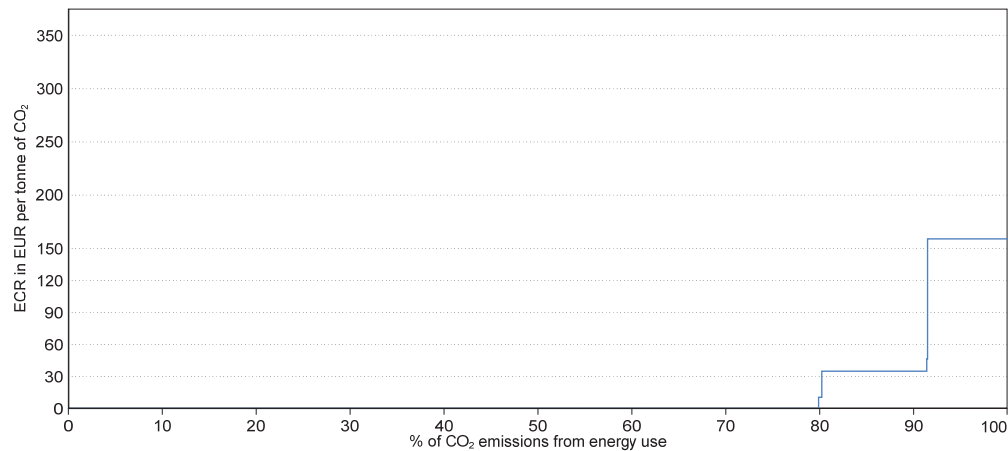
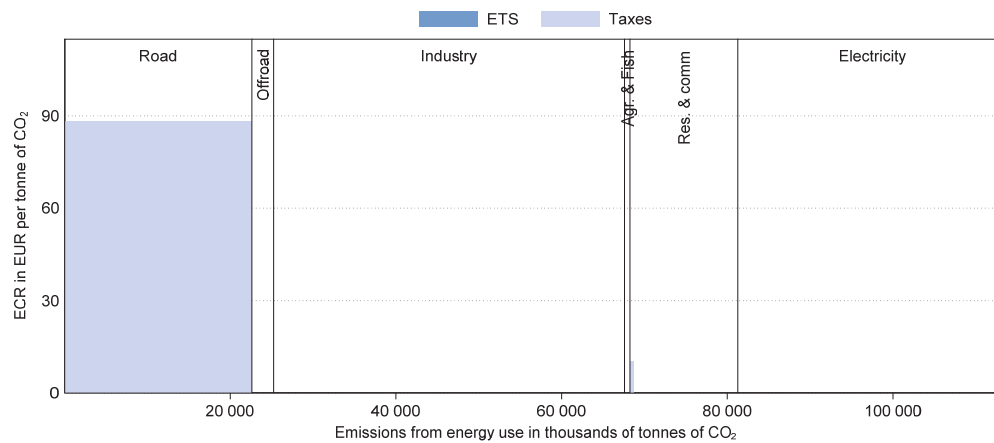


Figure 16. Average effective carbon rates in Chile by sector and component in 2015



In 2015, effective carbon rates in Chile consisted entirely of specific taxes on energy. Chile did not apply an explicit carbon tax or an emissions trading system. Chile priced 20% of emissions from energy use, all of which were priced above EUR 30 per tonne of CO₂ (see Figure 15). Almost all priced energy-related emissions were from the road sector. Emissions from the offroad transport, industry, agriculture and fisheries, residential and commercial, and electricity were not priced in 2015 (see Figure 16). In 2017, Chile introduced a carbon tax that increases the share of priced emissions.

For additional information to interpret the graphs, see: <https://oe.cd/ECR-graph-info>
Main insights from the *Effective Carbon Rates* database: <http://oe.cd/ECR2018>