

## APPENDIX 1

### STANDARD TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, DEFINITIONS, ORGANISATIONS AND PUBLICATIONS

#### Part 1 Technical Terms

A	ampere
Ach	acetylcholine
AchE	acetylcholinesterase
ADI	acceptable daily intake
ADP	adenosine diphosphate
AE	acid equivalent
AFID	alkali flame-ionization detector or detection
A/G	albumin/globulin ratio
ai	active ingredient
ALD <sub>50</sub>	approximate median lethal dose, 50%
ALT	alanine aminotransferase (SGPT)
AOEL	acceptable operator exposure level
AMD	automatic multiple development
ANOVA	analysis of variance
AP	alkaline phosphatase
approx	approximate
ARC	anticipated residue contribution
ArfD	acute reference dose
as	active substance
AST	aspartate aminotransferase (SGOT)
ASV	air saturation value
ATP	adenosine triphosphate
BCF	bioconcentration factor
bfa	body fluid assay
BOD	biological oxygen demand
bp	boiling point
BSAF	biota-sediment accumulation factor
BSE	bovine spongiform encephalopathy
BSP	bromosulphophthalein
BUN	blood urea nitrogen
bw	body weight
c	centi- ( $\times 10^{-2}$ )
°C	degree Celsius (centigrade)
CA	controlled atmosphere
CAD	computer aided design
CADDY	computer aided dossier and data supply (an electronic dossier interchange and archiving format)
cd	candela
CDA	controlled drop(let) application
cDNA	complementary DNA
CEC	cation exchange capacity
<i>cf</i>	confer, compare <u>with</u>
CFU	colony forming units
ChE	cholinesterase
CI	confidence interval
CL	confidence limits
cm	centimetre
CNS	central nervous system

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COD	chemical oxygen demand
CPK	creatinine phosphatase
cv	coefficient of variation
Cv	ceiling value
CXL	Codex Maximum Residue Limit (Codex MRL)
d	day
DES	diethylstilboestrol
DFR	dislodgeable foliar residue
DMSO	dimethylsulfoxide
DNA	deoxyribonucleic acid
dna	designated national authority
DO	dissolved oxygen
DOC	dissolved organic carbon
dpi	days post inoculation
DRES	dietary risk evaluation system
DT <sub>50</sub>	period required for 50 percent dissipation (define method of estimation)
DT <sub>90</sub>	period required for 90 percent dissipation (define method of estimation)
dw	dry weight
DWQG	drinking water quality guidelines
–	decadic molar extinction coefficient
EC <sub>50</sub>	median effective concentration
ECD	electron capture detector
ED <sub>50</sub>	median effective dose
EDI	estimated daily intake
ELISA	enzyme linked immunosorbent assay
e-mail	electronic mail
EMDI	estimated maximum daily intake
EPMA	electron probe micro analysis
ERC	environmentally relevant concentration
ERL	extraneous residue limit
F	field
F <sub>0</sub>	parental generation
F <sub>1</sub>	filial generation, first
F <sub>2</sub>	filial generation, second
FI	Afluorescence immuno assay
FID	flame ionization detector
FOB	functional observation battery
fp	freezing point
FPD	flame photometric detector
FPLC	fast protein liquid chromatography
g	gram
G	glasshouse
GAP	good agricultural practice
GC	gas chromatography
GC-EC	gas chromatography with electron capture detector
GC-FID	gas chromatography with flame ionization detector
GC-MS	gas chromatography-mass spectrometry
GC-MSD	gas chromatography with mass-selective detection
GEP	good experimental practice
GFP	good field practice
GGT	gamma glutamyl transferase

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GI	gastro-intestinal
GIT	gastro-intestinal tract
GL	guideline level
GLC	gas liquid chromatography
GLP	good laboratory practice
GM	geometric mean
GMO	genetically modified organism
GMM	genetically modified micro-organism
GPC	gel-permeation chromatography
GPPP	good plant protection practice
GPS	global positioning system
GSH	glutathion
GV	granulosevirus
h	hour(s)
H	Henry's Law constant (calculated as a unitless value) (see also K)
ha	hectare
Hb	haemoglobin
HCG	human chorionic gonadotropin
Hct	haematocrit
HDT	highest dose tested
hL	hectolitre
HEED	high energy electron diffraction
HID	helium ionization detector
HPAEC	high performance anion exchange chromatography
HPLC	high pressure liquid chromatography or high performance liquid chromatography
HPLC-MS	high pressure liquid chromatography - mass spectrometry
HPPLC	high pressure planar liquid chromatography
HPTLC	high performance thin layer chromatography
HRGC	high resolution gas chromatography
H <sub>s</sub>	Shannon-Weaver index
Ht	haematocrit
I	indoor
I <sub>50</sub>	inhibitory dose, 50%
IC <sub>50</sub>	median immobilization concentration or median inhibitory concentration <sup>1</sup>
ICM	integrated crop management
ID	ionization detector
IEDI	international estimated daily intake
IGR	insect growth regulator
im	intramuscular
inh	inhalation
ip	intraperitoneal
IPM	integrated pest management
IR	infrared
ISBN	international standard book number
ISSN	international standard serial number
iv	intravenous
IVF	<i>in vitro</i> fertilization
k	kilo

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<sup>1</sup> The first time the abbreviation is used in a document, it should be defined (using a footnote to do so)

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K	Kelvin or Henry's Law constant (in atmospheres per cubic meter per mole) (see also H) <sup>6</sup>
K <sub>ads</sub>	adsorption constant
K <sub>des</sub>	apparent desorption coefficient
K <sub>oc</sub>	organic carbon adsorption coefficient
K <sub>om</sub>	organic matter adsorption coefficient
kg	kilogram
L	litre
LAN	local area network
LASER	light amplification by stimulated emission of radiation
LBC	loosely bound capacity
LC	liquid chromatography
LC-MS	liquid chromatography- mass spectrometry
LC <sub>50</sub>	lethal concentration, median
LCA	life cycle analysis
LC <sub>Lo</sub>	lethal concentration low
LC-MS-MS	liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry
LD <sub>50</sub>	lethal dose, median; dosis letalis media
LD <sub>Lo</sub>	lethal dose low
LDH	lactate dehydrogenase
LOAEC	lowest observable adverse effect concentration
LOAEL	lowest observable adverse effect level
LOD	limit of detection
LOEC	lowest observable effect concentration
LOEL	lowest observable effect level
LOQ	limit of quantification (determination)
LPLC	low pressure liquid chromatography
LSC	liquid scintillation counting or counter
LSD	least squared denominator multiple range test
LSS	liquid scintillation spectrometry
LT	lethal threshold
m	metre
M	molar
µm	micrometer (micron)
MC	moisture content
MCH	mean corpuscular haemoglobin
MCHC	mean corpuscular haemoglobin concentration
MCV	mean corpuscular volume
MDL	method detection limit
MFO	mixed function oxidase
µg	microgram
mg	milligram
MHC	moisture holding capacity
min	minute(s)
mL	millilitre
MLT	median lethal time
MLD	median lethal dose
mm	millimetre
mo	month(s)
mol	Mole(s)
MOS	margin of safety
mp	melting point
MRE	maximum residue expected
MRL	maximum residue level or limit

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mRNA	messenger ribonucleic acid
MS	mass spectrometry
MSDS	material safety data sheet
MTD	maximum tolerated dose
n	normal (defining isomeric configuration) or number of observations <sup>6</sup>
NAEL	no adverse effect level
nd	not detected
NEDI	national estimated daily intake
NEL	no effect level
NERL	no effect residue level
ng	nanogram
nm	nanometer
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
no	number
NOAEC	no observed adverse effect concentration
NOAEL	no observed adverse effect level
NOEC	no observed effect concentration
NOED	no observed effect dose
NOEL	no observed effect level
NOIS	notice of intent to suspend
NPD	nitrogen-phosphorus detector or detection
NPV	nuclear polyhedrosis virus
NR	not reported
NTE	neuropathy target esterase
OC	organic carbon content
OCR	optical character recognition
ODP	ozone-depleting potential
ODS	ozone-depleting substances
OM	organic matter content
op	organophosphorous pesticide
OPIDN	organophosphate-induced delayed poly-neuropathy
OPIDP	organophosphate-induced delayed neuropathy
Pa	pascal
PAD	pulsed amperometric detection
2-PAM	2-pralidoxime
pc	paper chromatography
PC	personal computer
PCV	haematocrit (packed corpuscular volume)
PEC	predicted environmental concentration
PEC <sub>A</sub>	predicted environmental concentration in air
PEC <sub>S</sub>	predicted environmental concentration in soil
PEC <sub>SW</sub>	predicted environmental concentration in surface water
PEC <sub>GW</sub>	predicted environmental concentration in ground water
PED	plasma-emissions-detector
pH	pH-value
PHED	pesticide handler's exposure data
PHI	pre-harvest interval
PIC	prior informed consent
pic	phage inhibitory capacity
PIXE	proton induced X-ray emission
pKa	negative logarithm (to the base 10) of the dissociation constant)
PNEC	predicted no effect concentration

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po	by mouth
P <sub>ow</sub>	partition coefficient between n-octanol and water
POP	persistent organic pollutants
ppb	parts per billion (10 <sup>-9</sup> )
PPE	personal protective equipment
ppm	parts per million (10 <sup>-6</sup> )
ppp	plant protection product
ppq	parts per quadrillion (10 <sup>-24</sup> )
ppt	parts per trillion (10 <sup>-12</sup> )
PSP	phenolsulfophthalein
PrT	prothrombin time
PRL	practical residue limit
PT	prothrombin time
PTDI	provisional tolerable daily intake
PTT	partial thromboplastin time
QSAR	quantitative structure-activity relationship
r	correlation coefficient
r <sup>2</sup>	coefficient of determination
RBC	red blood cell
REI	restricted entry interval
Rf	retardation factor
RfD	reference dose
RH	relative humidity
RL <sub>50</sub>	median residual lifetime
RNA	ribonucleic acid
RP	reversed phase
rpm	rotations per minute
rRNA	ribosomal ribonucleic acid
RRT	relative retention time
RSD	relative standard deviation
s	second
SAC	strong adsorption capacity
SAP	serum alkaline phosphatase
SAR	structure/activity relationship
SBLC	shallow bed liquid chromatography
sc	subcutaneous
sce	sister chromatid exchange
SD	standard deviation
se	standard error
SEM	standard error of the mean
SEP	standard evaluation procedure
SF	safety factor
SFC	supercritical fluid chromatography
SFE	supercritical fluid extraction
SIMS	secondary ion mass spectroscopy
SOP	standard operating procedures
sp	species (only after a generic name)
SPE	solid phase extraction
SPF	specific pathogen free
spp	subspecies
sq	square
SSD	sulphur specific detector

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SSMS	spark source mass spectrometry
STEL	short term exposure limit
STMTR	supervised trials median residue
t	tonne (metric ton)
t <sub>1/2</sub>	half-life (define method of estimation)
T <sub>3</sub>	tri-iodothyroxine
T <sub>4</sub>	thyroxine
TADI	temporary acceptable daily intake
TBC	tightly bound capacity
TCD	thermal conductivity detector
TC <sub>Lo</sub>	toxic concentration, low
TID	thermionic detector, alkali flame detector
TD <sub>Lo</sub>	toxic dose low
TDR	time domain reflectrometry
TER	toxicity exposure ratio
TER <sub>I</sub>	toxicity exposure ratio for initial exposure
TER <sub>ST</sub>	toxicity exposure ratio following repeated exposure
TER <sub>LT</sub>	toxicity exposure ratio following chronic exposure
tert	tertiary (in a chemical name)
TEP	typical end-use product
TGGE	temperature gradient gel electrophoresis
TIFF	tag image file format
TLC	thin layer chromatography
Tlm	median tolerance limit
TLV	threshold limit value
TMDI	theoretical maximum daily intake
TMRC	theoretical maximum residue contribution
TMRL	temporary maximum residue limit
TOC	total organic carbon
Tremcard	Transport emergency card
tRNA	transfer ribonucleic acid
TSH	thyroid stimulating hormone (thyrotropin)
TWA	time weighted average
UDS	unscheduled DNA synthesis
UF	uncertainty factor (safety factor)
ULV	ultra low volume
UV	ultraviolet
v/v	volume ratio (volume per volume)
WBC	white blood cell
wk	week
wt	weight
w/v	weight per volume
ww	wet weight
w/w	weight per weight
XRFA	X-ray fluorescence analysis
yr	year
<	less than
≤	less than or equal to

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>	greater than
≥	greater than or equal to



## Part 2 Terms specifically used for Pheromones and Semiochemicals

**Semiochemicals (SC)** are chemicals emitted by plants, animals, and other organisms, and synthetic analogues of such substances, that evoke a behavioral or physiological response in individuals of the same or other species. They include pheromones and allelochemicals. This report pertains only to SC's that affect the behaviour of arthropods.

**Allelochemicals** are semiochemicals produced by individuals of one species that modify the behavior of individuals of a different species (ie. an interspecific effect). This includes allomones (emitting species benefits), synomones (both species benefit) and kairomones (receptor species benefits).

**Pheromones** are semiochemicals produced by individuals of a species that modify the behavior of other individuals of the same species (i.e. an intraspecific effect).

**Straight-chained lepidopteran pheromones (SCLPs)** are a group of pheromones consisting of unbranched aliphatics having a chain of nine to eighteen carbons, containing up to three double bonds, ending in an alcohol, acetate or aldehyde functional group. This structural definition encompasses the majority of known pheromones produced by insects in the order Lepidoptera, which includes butterflies and moths.

**Active Ingredient (AI)** is the ingredient(s) of a control product to which the effects of the pest control product are attributed, including a synergist and all active ingredient components, but does not include a solvent, diluent, emulsifier or component that by itself is not primarily responsible for the effect of the product. The AI may be a complex mixture of active and non-active components, as in a plant extract, or it may consist of well-characterized, separately-synthesized chemical compounds which are blended to produce the TGAI.

**Active Ingredient Component** is an individual chemical compound that contributes to the activity of the active ingredient. More than one component or isomer may be combined to form the active ingredient.

**Technical grade of the active ingredient (TGAI)** is a product containing an active ingredient produced for the manufacturing of pest control products. It may contain unintentionally added impurities produced as by-products of the manufacturing process but does not contain formulants.

**End use product (EP)** is a pest control agent containing active ingredient(s) and usually formulant(s) that is labelled with instructions for direct pest control use or application.

**Impurity of toxicological concern** is an unintentional ingredient that is toxic or sensitizing to mammals.

### Part 3 Organisations and Publications

ACPA	American Crop Protection Association
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
BA	Biological Abstracts (Philadelphia)
BART	Beneficial Arthropod Registration Testing Group
CA	Chemical Abstracts
CAB	Centre for Agriculture and Biosciences International
CAC	Codex Alimentarius Commission
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CCFAC	Codex Committee on Food Additives and Contaminants
CCGP	Codex Committee on General Principles
CCPR	Codex Committee on Pesticide Residues
CCRVDF	Codex Committee on Residues of Veterinary Drugs in Food
CE	Council of Europe
CIPAC	Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council Ltd
COREPER	Comite des Representants Permanents
CLI	Crop Life International (formerly known as GIFAP and GCPF)
EC	European Commission
ECB	European Chemical Bureau
ECCA	European Crop Care Association
ECDIN	Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network of the European Communities
ECDIS	European Environmental Chemicals Data and Information System
ECE	Economic Commission for Europe
ECETOC	European Chemical Industry Ecology and Toxicology Centre
EMCLO	Emergency Centre for Locust Operations
ECMWF	European Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecasting
ECPA	European Crop Protection Association
EDEXIM	European Database on Export and Import of Dangerous Chemicals
EHC(number)	Environmental Health Criteria (number)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of New Chemical Substances
EMIC	Environmental Mutagens Information Centre
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
EPO	European Patent Office
EPPO	European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization
ESCORT	European Standard Characteristics of Beneficials Regulatory Testing
EU	European Union
EUPHIDS	European Pesticide Hazard Information and Decision Support System
EUROPOEM	European Predictive Operator Exposure Model
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN
FOCUS	Forum for the Co-ordination of Pesticide Fate Models and their Use
FRAC	Fungicide Resistance Action Committee
GATT	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
GAW	Global Atmosphere Watch
GCOS	Global Climate Observing System
GEDD	Global Environmental Data Directory
GEMS	Global Environmental Monitoring System
GIEWS	Global Information and Early Warning System for Food and Agriculture

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GRIN	Germplasm Resources Information Network
HRAC	Herbicide Resistance Action Committee
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATS	International Academy of Toxicological Science
IBT	Industrial Bio-Test Laboratories
ICBB	International Commission of Bee Botany
ICBP	International Council for Bird Preservation
ICES	International Council for the Exploration of the Seas
ICPBR	International Commission for Plant-Bee Relationships
ILO	International Labour Organization
IMO	International Maritime Organisation
IOBC	International Organization for Biological Control of Noxious Animals and Plants
IPCS	International Programme on Chemical Safety
IRAC	Insecticide Resistance Action Committee
IRC	International Rice Commission
ISCO	International Soil Conservation Organization
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry
JECFA	FAO/WHO Joint Expert Committee on Food Additives
JFCMP	Joint FAO/WHO Food and Animal Feed Contamination Monitoring Programme
JMP	Joint Meeting on Pesticides (WHO/FAO)
JMPR	Joint Meeting of the FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Residues in Food and the Environment and the WHO Expert Group on Pesticide Residues (Joint Meeting on Pesticide Residues)
NATO	North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
NAFTA	North American Free Trade Agreement
NCI	National Cancer Institute (USA)
NCTR	National Centre for Toxicological Research (USA)
NGO	non-governmental organization
NTP	National Toxicology Programme (USA)
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
OLIS	On-line Information Service of OECD
PAN	Pesticide Action Network
RNN	Re-registration Notification Network
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (USA)
SCPH	Standing Committee on Plant Health
SETAC	Society of Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry
SI	Systeme International d'Unites
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification
TOXLINE	Toxicology Information On-line
UN	United Nations
UNEP	United Nations Environment Programme
WCDP	World Climate Data Programme
WCP	World Climate Programme

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WCRP	World Climate Research Programme
WFP	World Food Programme
WHO	World Health Organization
WTO	World Trade Organization
WWF	World Wildlife Fund

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**Part 4**

**Format for the compilation of listings of chemical names, common names, synonyms, trade names, code names for active substances, metabolites and formulations**

**Active substance:chemx**

Other names / codes used	Comments
CFX 500	Development code, used by contract laboratories
CFX 50/50	Mixture of isomers 1 and 2 in equal amounts
CFX	Former proposed common (not accepted by ISO) frequently used in <i>Tier I</i> quality checks, <i>Tier II</i> summaries and <i>Tier III</i> overall summaries and assessments

**Metabolites**

Trivial name (as used in <i>Tier II</i> summaries)	Chemical Name	Other names / codes used	Comments
Metabolite 1 (desmethyl chemx)	Desmethyl xxxxxx	DCFX	Development code, used by contract laboratories. In the <i>Tier II</i> summaries and <i>Tier III</i> overall summaries and assessments, either desmethyl chemx, metabolite 1 or both are used
Metabolite 2	Xxxxxxx	M-CFX	Development code, used by contract laboratories. In the <i>Tier II</i> summaries and <i>Tier III</i> overall summaries and assessments, either xxxxxxxx, metabolite 2 or both are used

**Formulations**

Trade Name	Type	Content of as and formulants	Other names / codes used	Comments
OEC 2222	WG	Chemx 800 g/kg Other formulants 200 g/kg	CFX 80WG	The trade name is used in relevant <i>Tier I</i> quality checks, <i>Tier II</i> summaries and <i>Tier III</i> overall summaries and assessments. This is the end-use product for which an Annex III dossier is provided
CFXWG	WG	Chemx 500 g/kg Other formulants 500 g/kg	-	Experimental formulation (details provided in document J)