

Table A. **Scoreboard for youth aged 16-24,^a Norway, Europe and OECD, 1997 and 2007**

	1997			2007		
	Norway	EU ^b	OECD ^b	Norway	EU ^b	OECD ^b
Employment rate (% of the age group)	55.1	39.3	43.8	55.1	39.0	43.6
Unemployment rate – UR (% of the labour force)	10.6	18.5	15.6	7.3	15.4	13.3
Relative UR youth/adult (25-54)	3.5	2.4	2.4	3.8	2.8	2.9
Ratio unemployed to population (% of the age group)	6.6	8.1	7.5	4.4	6.5	6.0
Incidence of LTU (% of unemployment)	4.0	31.3	24.9	2.5	25.3	19.6
Incidence of temporary work (% of employment) ^c	35.2	29.8	28.8	28.7	37.6	34.7
Incidence of part-time work (% of employment)	39.9	15.3	19.4	46.0	20.6	24.2
NEET rate (% of the age group) ^d	6.8	13.1	13.4	5.9	11.3	12.0
School drop-outs (% of the age group) ^e	3.3	13.9	16.7	3.2	11.0	12.9
Relative UR low skills/high skills(<ISCED 3)/(>ISCED 3) ^d	2.5	2.6	2.5	3.0	2.2	2.2

ISCED 3: International standard classification of education referring to upper secondary education; LTU: long-term (more than one year) unemployment; NEET: neither in education nor in employment or training; UR: unemployment rate.

a) Youth aged 16-24 for Iceland, Norway, Spain, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the United States; and 15-24 for all other countries.

b) Unweighted averages for the 19 OECD and EU countries and for the 30 OECD countries.

c) 2006.

d) 2005, based on the old national educational attainment classification (NEAC).

e) Share of youth not in education and without an upper secondary education; data refer to 2004 for Norway, and 2005 for EU and OECD averages.

Source: National labour force surveys; and OECD Education database.