

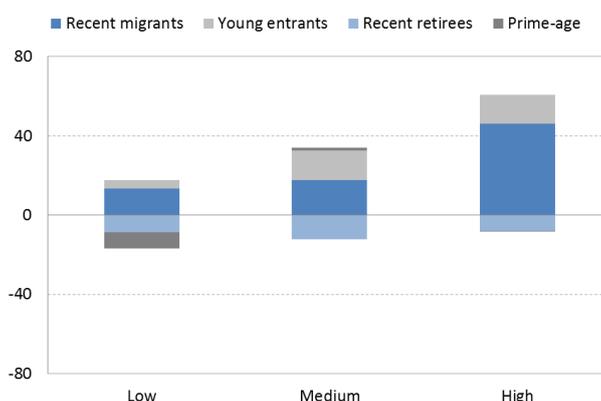
Migration-Demography Database

Luxembourg

OECD data show that the labour force of Luxembourg grew by 37.1% between 2005 and 2015, with young entrants contributing 16.8 percentage points, recent migrants 38.1 percentage points (including recent EU migrants, which contributed 30.2 percentage points) and retirees -14.2 percentage points.

The highly-educated labour force increased by 87.6%, with young entrants contributing 24.6 percentage points and recent migrants 77 percentage points. The share of highly-educated people among recent immigrants was 59.8%, higher than among young entrants where it was 43.4%.

Contribution of demographic groups to labour force growth by education level in Luxembourg, 2005-2015 (thousands)



Note: See the methodological appendix of Meghnagi and Spielvogel (2018), "The contribution of migration to the dynamics of the labour force in OECD countries: 2005-2015", *OECD Social, Employment and Migration Working Papers*, No. 203, OECD Publishing, Paris.

Source: OECD estimates.

According to OECD projections, if net migration rates and labour force participation rates remain the same as between 2010-2015 and recent trends in educational attainment continue, the total labour force of Luxembourg will increase by 46.7% between 2015 and 2030. The number of highly-educated people in the labour force will increase by 90.2%.

Over this period, the share of highly-educated people in the foreign-born labour force will increase from 47.2% to 56.3% (from 48.8% to 59.5% among EU-born immigrants, and from 40.2% to 46.9% among non-EU-born immigrants).

Age and sex distribution of the labour force of Luxembourg by education level, in 2015 and 2030 (projection)



Note: The 2030 projection shown here assumes baseline migration, medium trend education and baseline labour force participation. For the definitions of those variants, see the methodological appendix of Spielvogel and Meghnagi (2018), "Assessing the role of migration in European labour force growth by 2030", *OECD Social, Employment and Migration Working Papers*, No. 204, OECD Publishing, Paris.

Source: OECD estimates.

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 www.oecd.org/migration/migration-demography



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