

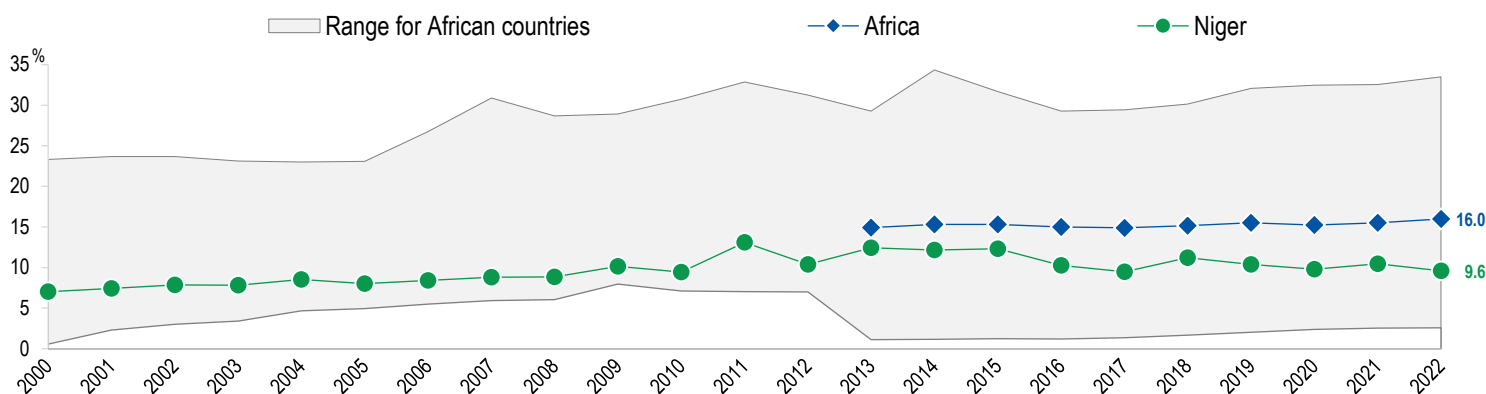


## Revenue Statistics in Africa 2024 — Niger

### Tax revenues: tax-to-GDP ratio

#### Tax-to-GDP ratio over time

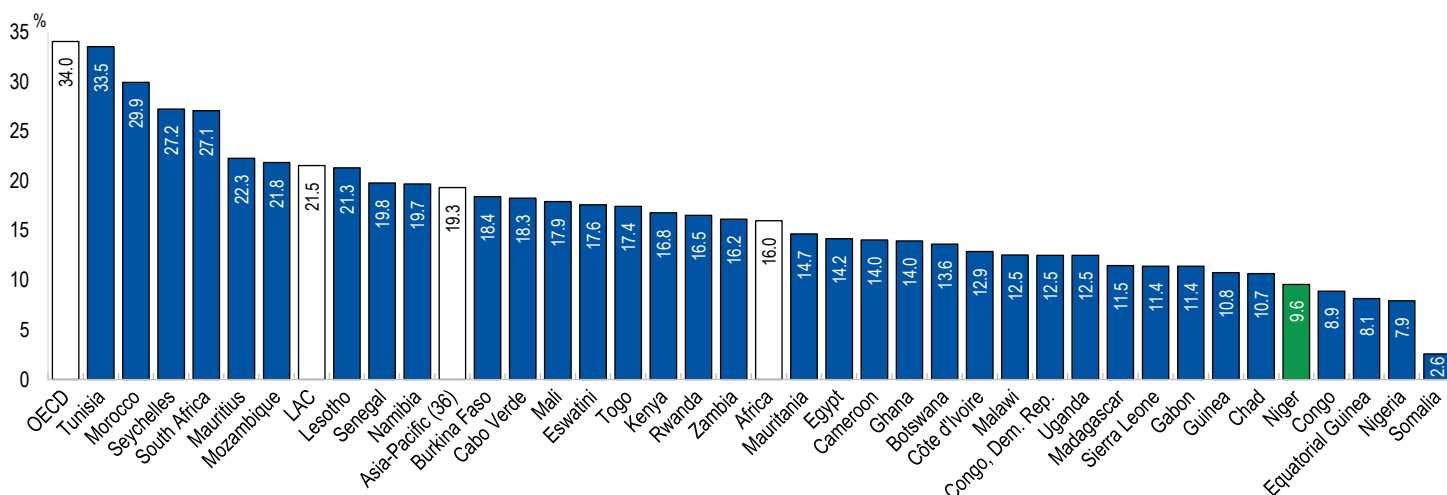
The tax-to-GDP ratio in Niger decreased by 0.9 percentage points from 10.5% in 2021 to 9.6% in 2022. In comparison, the average\* for the 36 African countries within the Revenue Statistics in Africa 2024 publication has increased by 0.5 percentage points over the same period, and was 16.0% in 2022. Since 2013, the average for the 36 African countries has increased by 1.1 percentage points, from 14.9% in 2013 to 16.0% in 2022. Over the same period, the tax-to-GDP ratio in Niger decreased by 2.9 percentage points, from 12.4% to 9.6%. The highest tax-to-GDP ratio reported for Niger since 2000 was 13.1% in 2011, with the lowest being 7.0% in 2000.



\* The Africa average is not available before 2013 due to missing data in some countries. Range for African countries varies depending on the number of countries reporting that year. Annual changes are rounded to one decimal place. Due to rounding, sums and differences of reported figures might differ from the actual values.

#### Tax-to-GDP ratio, 2022

Niger's tax-to-GDP ratio in 2022 (9.6%) was lower than the average of the 36 African countries in 2024 (16.0%) by 6.4 percentage points.



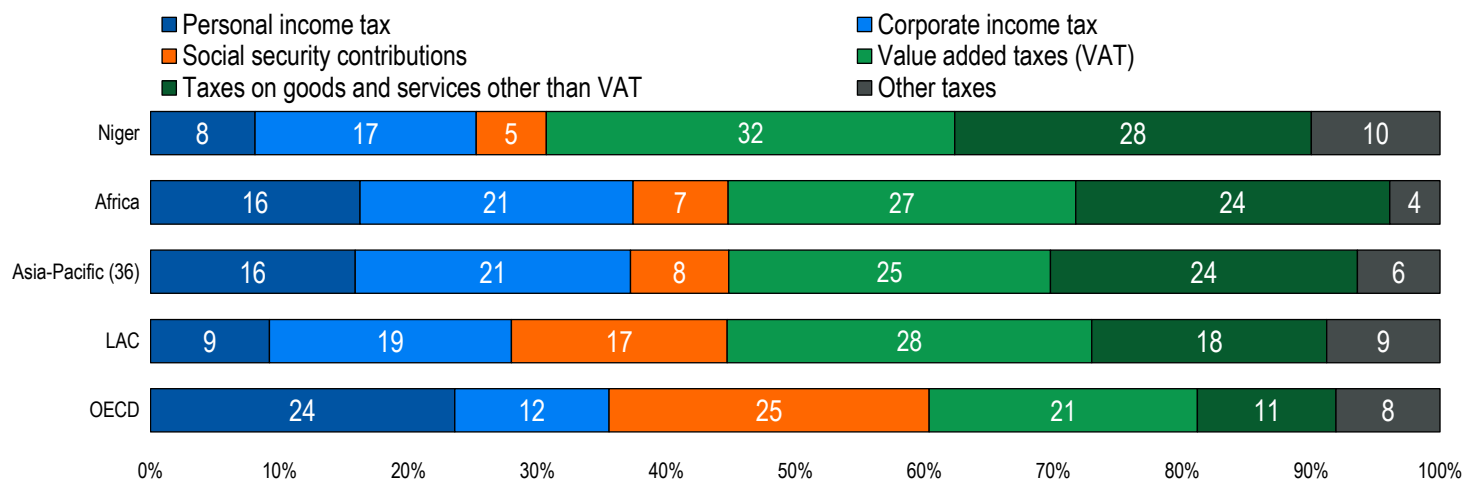
\* The Africa average and the averages for Asia-Pacific (36 economies), LAC (26 countries) and the OECD (38 countries) are unweighted. For more information see <https://oe.cd/revenue-statistics-in-latin-america-caribbean-2024>, <https://oe.cd/revenue-statistics-in-asia-pacific-2024> and <https://oe.cd/revenue-statistics-2024>

In the OECD classification the term "taxes" is defined as compulsory unrequited payments to general government. Taxes are unrequited in the sense that benefits provided by government to taxpayers are not normally in proportion to their payments. Non-tax revenues are all other government revenues that are not classified as taxes. For more information, see <https://www.oecd.org/tax/tax-policy/oecd-classification-taxes-interpretative-guide.pdf>.



## Tax revenues: structure

Tax structure refers to the share of each tax in total tax revenues. The highest share of tax revenues in Niger in 2022 was contributed by value added taxes (VAT) (32%). The second-highest share of tax revenues in 2022 was derived from taxes on goods and services other than VAT (28%).

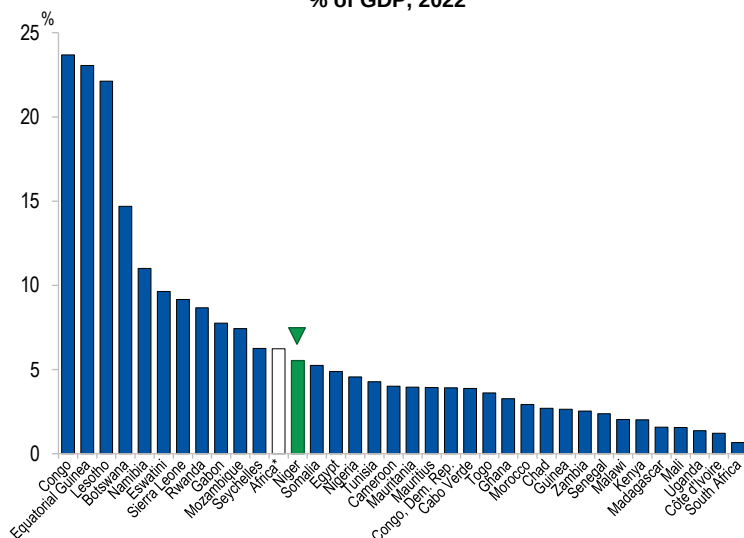


Figures in the chart may not sum to 100 due to rounding.

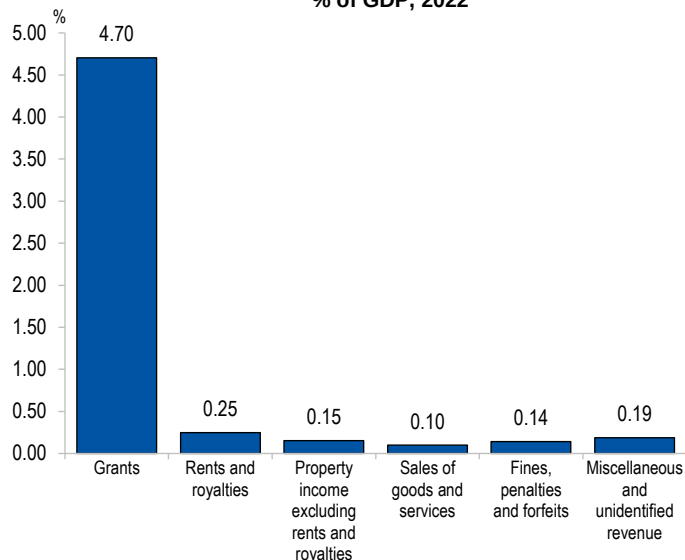
## Non-tax revenues

In 2022, Niger's non-tax revenues amounted to 5.5% of GDP. This was lower than the average non-tax revenues for the 36 African countries (6.2% of GDP). Grants represented the largest share of non-tax revenues in Niger in 2022, amounting to 4.7% of GDP and 85.0% of non-tax revenues.

Total non-tax revenues  
% of GDP, 2022



Non-tax revenues by category in Niger  
% of GDP, 2022



\* The Africa average excludes Burkina Faso due to the unavailability of its non-tax revenue data for this edition.

