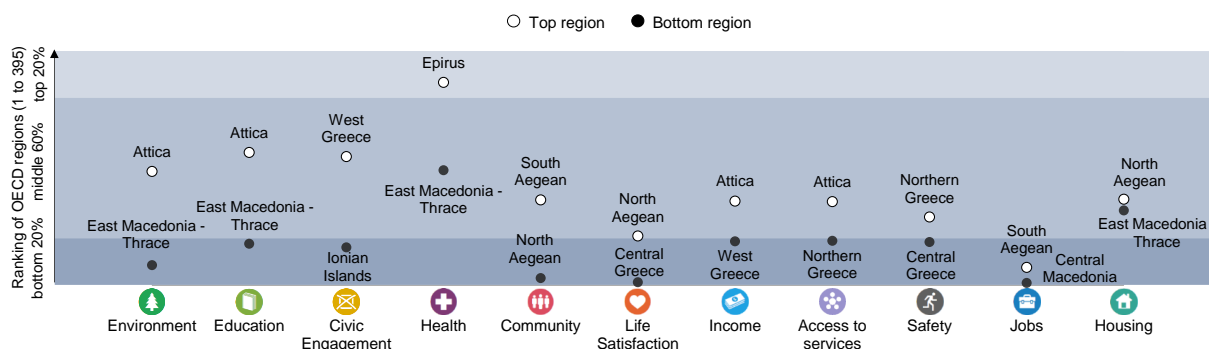


REGIONAL WELL-BEING IN OECD COUNTRIES: GREECE

The largest regional disparities in Greece are found in environment, with Attica ranking in the middle of the OECD regions and East Macedonia - Thrace in the bottom 10%. Wide regional disparities also exist in education, the 5th largest among OECD countries. Epirus ranks among the top 20% of the OECD regions in health. All thirteen Greek regions are in the bottom 10% of the OECD regional ranking when it comes to jobs.














Relative performance of Greek regions by well-being dimension



Note: Relative ranking of the regions with the best and worst outcomes in the 11 well-being dimensions, with respect to all 395 OECD regions. The eleven dimensions are ordered by decreasing regional disparities in the country. Each well-being dimension is measured by the indicators in the table below. For access to services and safety, Greek regions correspond to a higher geographic aggregation. Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org

The high performing Greek regions fare better than the OECD average for a majority of the well-being indicators, excluding income per capita, employment and unemployment rates, rooms per person, perceived social support network and self-evaluation of life satisfaction. In the low performing regions, the unemployment rate is more than three times the OECD average.

How do the top and bottom regions in Greece fare on the well-being indicators?

	Greek regions		Country average	OECD average
	Top 20%	Bottom 20%		
 Environment Level of air pollution in PM 2.5 (µg/m³), 2013	10.3	16.2	13.6	10.4
 Education Labour force with at least upper secondary education (%), 2014	83.5	61.3	72.7	74.3
 Civic engagement Voters in last national election (%), 2015	68.3	60.0	65.1	68.1
 Health Life Expectancy at birth (years), 2013	82.2	80.7	81.4	79.7
 Health Age-adjusted mortality rate (per 1 000 people), 2013	6.9	7.8	7.5	8.4
 Community Perceived social support network (%), average 2006-14	85.5	76.9	81.1	88.9
 Life satisfaction Self-evaluation of life satisfaction (scale from 0 to 10), average 2006-14	5.9	5.0	5.6	6.7
 Income Disposable income per capita (in USD PPP), 2013	14 073	8 193	10 755	17 916
 Access to services Households with broadband access (%), 2014	70.0	59.0	65.0	69.8
 Safety Homicide Rate (per 100 000 people), 2013	2.4	3.8	3.3	3.4
 Jobs Employment rate (%), 2014	52.9	46.6	50.5	66.3
 Jobs Unemployment rate (%), 2014	22.9	28.7	26.2	8.6
 Housing Rooms per person, 2013	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8

Note: Data in the first two columns refer to average values of top and bottom regions of national ranking and until the equivalent of 20% of the national population is reached.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org