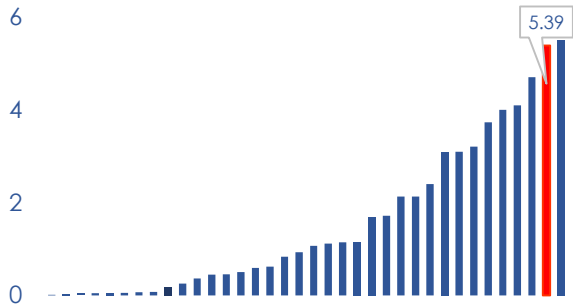




Population (in million)



## Megatrends affecting water management

- Global shocks
- Demographic changes
- Economic development
- Food insecurity
- Climate change
- Urbanisation



## Water risks

- Competition over water allocation
- Floods
- Access to water and sanitation
- Ageing or missing infrastructure
- Water borne diseases
- Droughts
- Water pollution



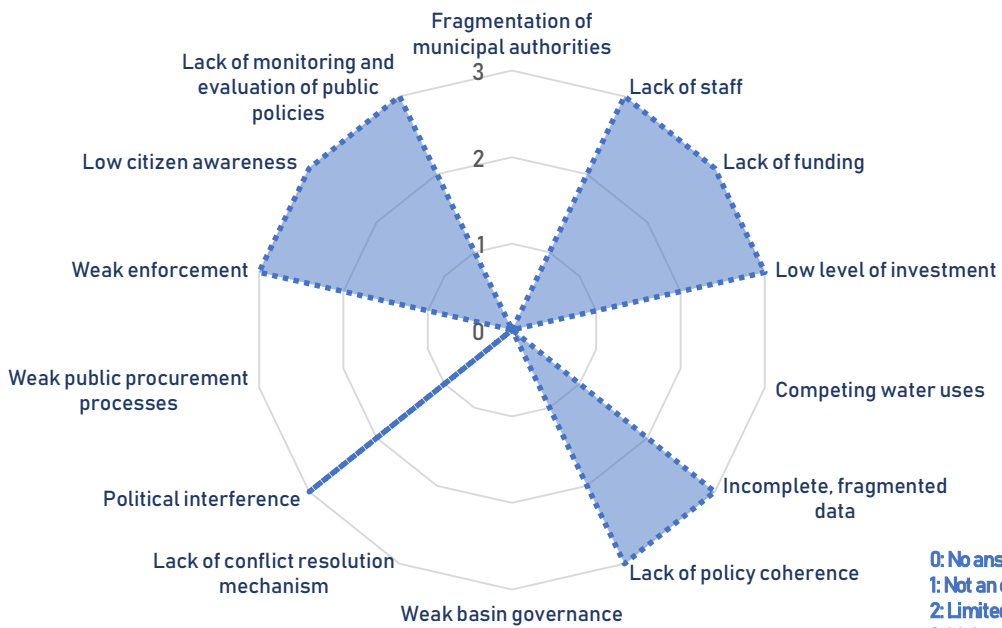
## Policy areas influencing urban water management

- Transportation
- Land use and spatial planning
- Building codes and housing
- Solid waste management
- Manufacturing industry
- Tourism
- Energy
- Public health
- Agriculture



## Obstacles to water governance

- Somewhat important
- Important
- Very important



- 0: No answer
- 1: Not an obstacle
- 2: Limited obstacles
- 3: Major obstacles





## National and local policy frameworks



### National level

- Dedicated national water and sanitation policy indicating goals duties and resources
- Recognition of the UN right to Water and Sanitation



### Local level

- Existence of a dedicated water and sanitation policy
- Social measures on water and/or sanitation for vulnerable categories



- Minimum amount of water guaranteed to the population



## Transparency and accountability mechanisms

- Annual budget auditing of water and sanitation services, or municipal water-related spending
- Annual disclosure of financial information of water and sanitation services
- Clear budget transparency rules
- Anti-bribery management systems
- Whistle-blower protection policies
- Institutional anti-corruption plans, codes of conduct or integrity charters
- Clear procurement processes
- Clear and mandatory processes to prevent potential conflict of interest



## Forward-looking strategies

