

Netherlands

Figure 57. Proportion of CO₂ emissions from energy use subject to different levels of effective carbon rates in Netherlands in 2015

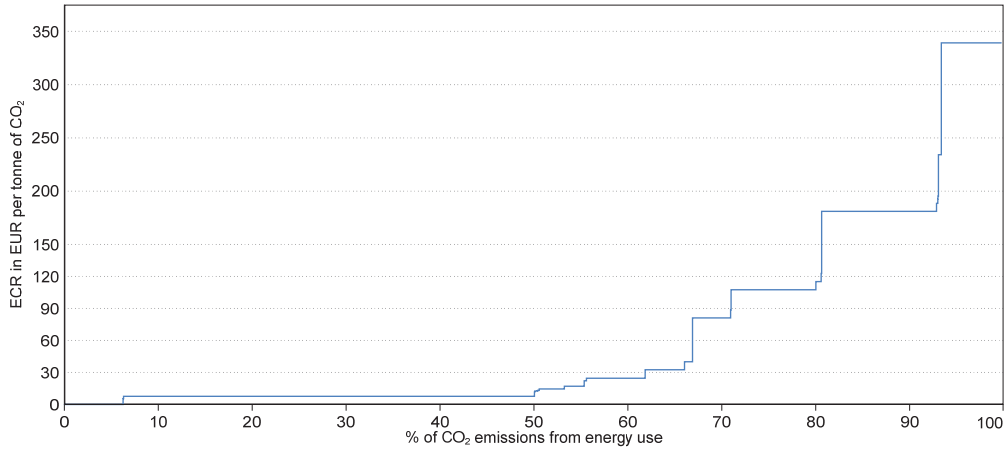
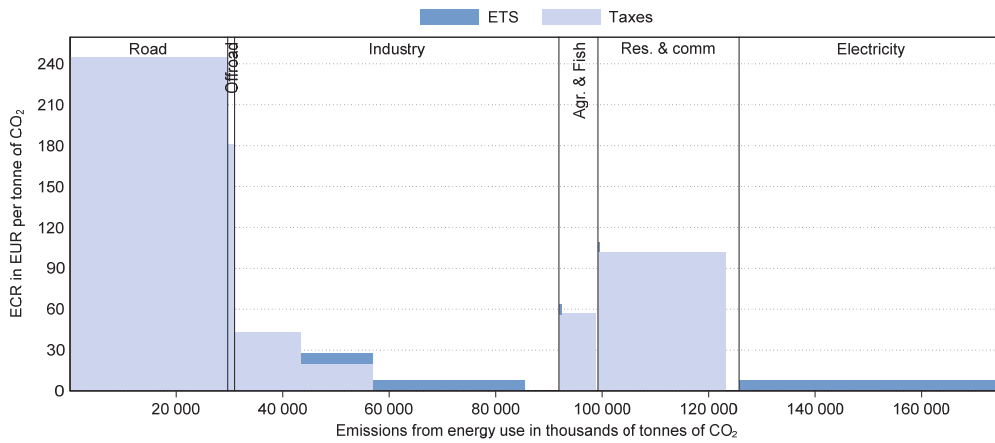


Figure 58. Average effective carbon rates in Netherlands by sector and component in 2015



In 2015, effective carbon rates in the Netherlands consisted primarily of specific taxes on energy use and to a lesser extent of permit prices from the EU ETS. The Netherlands did not have an explicit carbon tax. The Netherlands priced 94 % of carbon emissions from energy use, and 38% were priced above EUR 30 per tonne of CO₂ (see Figure 57). A large majority of emissions in the industry sector is priced, and around a fifth of emissions in this sector were covered by both taxes and permit prices (see Figure 58). Nearly all emissions in the electricity sector were subject to permit prices from the EU ETS. A small share of emissions was unpriced in the Netherlands, the majority of which was from the industry sector.

For additional information to interpret the graphs, see: <https://oe.cd/ECR-graph-info>
 Main insights from the *Effective Carbon Rates* database: <http://oe.cd/ECR2018>