AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ISLE OF MAN
AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
FOR THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAX MATTERS

WHEREAS the Government of the Isle of Man and the Government of the Republic of Indonesia (the Parties) wish to enhance and facilitate the terms and conditions governing the exchange of information relating to all tax matters;

WHEREAS it is acknowledged that the Government of the Isle of Man under the terms of its Entrustment from the United Kingdom has the right to negotiate, conclude, perform and, subject to the terms of this Agreement terminate a tax information exchange agreement with the Government of the Republic of Indonesia;

NOW, therefore, the Parties have agreed to conclude the following agreement which contains obligations on the part of the Parties only.
Article 1
Object and Scope of the Agreement

The competent authorities of the Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment, enforcement, collection or recovery of such taxes, with respect to persons liable to such taxes, or to the investigation or prosecution of tax matters in relation to such persons. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested Party remain applicable to the extent that they do not unduly prevent or delay effective exchange of information.
Article 2

Jurisdiction

A requested Party is not obligated to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor in the possession of or in the control of persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.
Article 3
Taxes Covered

1. The taxes which are the subject of this Agreement are:
   a. in Indonesia:
      (i) the income tax; and
      (ii) the value added tax;
   b. in the Isle of Man:
      (i) taxes on income or profit; and
      (ii) the value added tax.

2. This Agreement shall also apply to any identical taxes imposed after the date of
   signature of the Agreement in addition to or in place of the existing taxes. This
   Agreement shall also apply to any substantially similar taxes imposed after the date of
   signature of the Agreement in addition to or in place of the existing taxes if the
   competent authorities of the Parties so agree. Furthermore, the taxes covered may be
   expanded or modified by mutual agreement of the Parties in the form of an exchange of
   letters. The competent authorities of the Parties shall notify each other of any substantial
   changes to the taxation and related information gathering measures covered by the
   Agreement.
Article 4
Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined:
   a. the term "Indonesia" comprises the territory of the Republic of Indonesia as defined in its laws, and parts of the continental shelf, exclusive economic zone and adjacent seas over which the Republic of Indonesia has sovereignty, sovereign rights or jurisdiction in accordance with the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea 1982;
   b. the term "the Isle of Man" means the island of the Isle of Man, including its territorial sea, in accordance with international law;
   c. the term "competent authority" means:
      (i) in the case of the Republic of Indonesia, the Minister of Finance or his/her authorised representative;
      (ii) in the case of the Isle of Man, the Assessor of Income Tax or his or her delegate;
   d. the term "person" includes an individual, a company and any other body of persons;
   e. the term "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
   f. the term "publicly traded company" means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold "by the public" if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
g. the term "principal class of shares" means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;

h. the term "recognised stock exchange" means any stock exchange agreed upon by the competent authorities of the Parties;

i. the term "collective investment fund or scheme" means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form. The term "public collective investment fund or scheme" means any collective investment fund or scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed "by the public" if the purchase, sale or redemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;

j. the term "tax" means any tax to which the Agreement applies;

k. the term "requesting Party" means the Party requesting information;

l. the term "requested Party" means the Party requested to provide information;

m. the term "information gathering measures" means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Party to obtain and provide the requested information;

n. the term "information" means any fact, statement or record in any form whatever;

o. the term "criminal tax matters" means tax matters involving intentional conduct, whether before or after the entry into force of this Agreement,
which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the requesting Party;

p. the term “criminal laws” means all criminal laws designated as such under domestic law irrespective of whether contained in the tax laws, the criminal code or other statutes.

2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.
Article 5

Exchange of Information Upon Request

1. The competent authority of the requested Party shall provide upon request information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the conduct being investigated would constitute a crime under the laws of the requested Party if such conduct occurred in the requested Party.

2. If the information in the possession of the competent authority of the requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, that Party shall use all relevant information gathering measures necessary to provide the requesting Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.

3. If specifically requested by the competent authority of a requesting Party, the competent authority of the requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.

4. Each Party shall ensure that its competent authorities for the purposes specified in Article 1 and within the constraints of Article 2 of the Agreement, have the authority to obtain and provide upon request:

   a. information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person, including nominees and trustees, acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity;
b. (i) information regarding the legal and beneficial ownership of companies, partnerships, and other persons, including ownership information on all such persons in an ownership chain;

(ii) in the case of trusts, information on settlers, trustees, protectors and beneficiaries;

(iii) in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries; and

(iv) in the case of collective investment schemes, information on shares, units and other interests;

provided that this Agreement does not create an obligation on either Party to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment funds or schemes unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.

5. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall provide the following information to the competent authority of the requested Party when making a request for information under the Agreement to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:

a. the identity of the person under examination or investigation;

b. the period for which the information is requested;

c. a statement of the information sought including its nature and the form in which the requesting Party wishes to receive the information from the requested Party;

d. the tax purpose for which the information is sought;
e. grounds for believing that the information requested is held in the territory of the requested Party or is in the possession or control of a person within the jurisdiction of the requested Party;

f. to the extent known, the name and address of any person believed to be in possession of or in the control of the requested information;

g. a statement that the request is in conformity with the law and administrative practices of the requesting Party, that if the requested information was within the jurisdiction of the requesting Party then the competent authority of the requesting Party would be able to obtain the information under the laws of the requesting Party or in the normal course of administrative practice and that it is in conformity with this Agreement;

h. a statement that the requesting Party has pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except those that would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.

6. The competent authority of the requested Party shall acknowledge receipt of the request to the competent authority of the requesting Party and shall use its best endeavours to forward the requested information to the requesting Party with the least possible delay. The competent authorities shall consult as necessary with regard to the operation of this paragraph.
Article 6
Tax Examinations Abroad

1. With reasonable notice, the requesting Party may request that the requested Party allow representatives of the competent authority of the requesting Party to enter the territory of the requested Party, to the extent permitted under its domestic laws, to interview individuals and examine records with the prior written consent of the individuals or other persons concerned. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall notify the competent authority of the requested Party of the time and place of the intended meeting with the individuals concerned.

2. At the request of the competent authority of the requesting Party, the competent authority of the requested Party may permit representatives of the competent authority of the requesting Party to attend a tax examination in the territory of the requested Party.

3. If the request referred to in paragraph 2 is granted, the competent authority of the requested Party conducting the examination shall, as soon as possible, notify the competent authority of the requesting Party of the time and place of the examination, the authority or person authorised to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the requested Party for the conduct of the examination. All decisions regarding the conduct of the examination shall be made by the requested Party conducting the examination.
Article 7
Possibility of Declining a Request

1. The competent authority of the requested Party may decline to assist:
   a. where the request is not made in conformity with this Agreement;
   b. where the requesting Party has not pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except where recourse to such means would give rise to disproportionate difficulty; or
   c. where the disclosure of the information requested would be contrary to public policy.

2. This Agreement shall not impose upon a requested Party any obligation to provide information subject to legal privilege, as provided for under the domestic laws of the relevant Party, or any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process, provided that information described in Article 5, paragraph 4, shall not by reason of that fact alone be treated as such a secret or trade process.

3. A request for information shall not be refused on the ground that the tax claim giving rise to the request is disputed.

4. The requested Party shall not be required to obtain or provide information which the requesting Party would be unable to obtain under its own laws for the purpose of the administration or enforcement of its own tax laws.
5. The requested Party may decline a request for information if the information is requested by the requesting Party to administer or enforce a provision of the tax law of the requesting Party, or any requirement connected therewith, which discriminates against a national of the requested Party as compared with a national of the requesting Party in the same circumstances.
Article 8
Confidentiality

1. All information provided and received by the competent authorities of the Parties shall be kept confidential.

2. Information provided to the competent authority of the requesting Party may not be used for any purpose other than the purposes stated in Article 1 without the prior express written consent of the requested Party.

3. Information provided shall be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative bodies) concerned with the purposes specified in Article 1 and used by such persons or authorities only for such purposes including the determination of any appeal. For these purposes, information may be disclosed in public court proceedings or in judicial decisions.

4. The information provided to a requesting Party under this Agreement may not be disclosed to any other jurisdiction.
Article 9

Costs

Unless the competent authorities of the Parties otherwise agree, ordinary costs incurred in providing assistance shall be borne by the requested Party, and extraordinary costs incurred in providing assistance (including reasonable costs of engaging external advisors in connection with litigation or otherwise) shall be borne by the requesting Party. At the request of either Party, the competent authorities shall consult as necessary with regard to this Article, and in particular the competent authority of the requested Party shall consult with the competent authority of the requesting Party in advance if the costs of providing information with respect to a specific request are expected to be extraordinary.
Article 10
Mutual Agreement Procedure

1. Where difficulties or doubts arise between the Parties regarding the implementation or interpretation of the Agreement, the competent authorities shall endeavour to resolve the matter by mutual agreement.

2. In addition to the agreements referred to in paragraph 1, the competent authorities of the Parties may mutually agree on the procedures to be used under Articles 5, 6 and 9.

3. The competent authorities of the Parties may communicate with each other directly for purposes of reaching agreement under this Article.

4. The Parties may also agree on other forms of dispute resolution should this become necessary.
Article 11
Entry Into Force

1. Each Party shall notify the other in writing of the completion of the procedure required by its law for the entry into force of this Agreement.

2. This Agreement shall enter into force on the date of the later of these notifications and shall thereupon have effect:
   a. for criminal tax matters on that date; and
   b. for all other matters covered in Article 1 on that date, but only in respect of taxable periods beginning on or after that date or, where there is no taxable period, all charges to tax arising on or after that date.
Article 12
Termination

1. Either Party may terminate the Agreement by sending a written notice of termination to the other Party through the relevant channels of the other Party as required by its respective laws.

2. Such termination shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of six months after the date of receipt of notice of termination by the other Party.

3. If the Agreement is terminated the Parties shall remain bound by the provisions of Article 8 with respect to any information obtained under this Agreement.

IN WITNESS whereof the undersigned, being duly authorised thereto, have signed the Agreement.

DONE at London the 22nd day of June 2011 in 2 (two) identical originals each in the English and Indonesian languages, all texts being equally authoritative. In case of divergence between the English and Indonesian text, the English text shall prevail.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE ISLE OF MAN
Anne Valerie Craine
Treasury Minister

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
Yuri Octavian Thamrin
Ambassador of the Republic of Indonesia for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland