AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC
AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA
FOR
THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAXES

The Government of the Argentine Republic and the Government of the People's Republic of China ("the Contracting Parties");

Acknowledging that the Contracting Parties are competent to negotiate and conclude a tax information exchange agreement;

Desiring to provide a framework for cooperation and exchange of information in tax matters;

Agree to conclude the Agreement as follows:

ARTICLE 1
SCOPE OF AGREEMENT

1. The Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Contracting Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment, verification and collection of such taxes, the recovery and enforcement of tax claims, and the investigation or prosecution of tax matters.

2. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8.

ARTICLE 2
JURISDICTION

Information to be exchanged shall be provided in accordance with this Agreement by the Competent Authority of the Requested Party:

(a) without regard to whether the person to whom the information relates is a resident, national or citizen of a Party, or whether the person by whom the information is held is a resident, national or citizen of a Party; and

(b) provided that the information is present within the territory, or in the possession or control of a person subject to the jurisdiction, of the Requested Party.
ARTICLE 3
TAXES COVERED

1. The taxes covered by this Agreement are:

(a) in the case of the People’s Republic of China, all taxes except customs tariffs;
(b) in the case of the Argentine Republic, all taxes administered by its Competent Authority except customs tariffs.

2. This Agreement shall also apply to any identical or substantially similar taxes imposed by either Contracting Party after the date of signature of this Agreement in addition to, or in place of, any of the taxes listed in paragraph 1.

3. The Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties shall notify each other of any relevant changes to the taxation and related information gathering measures covered by this Agreement.

4. The taxes covered by this Agreement may be expanded or modified by mutual agreement of the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 4
DEFINITIONS

1. In this Agreement:

(a) “the People’s Republic of China”, when used in a geographical sense, means all the territory of the People’s Republic of China, including its territorial sea, in which the Chinese laws relating to taxation apply, and any area beyond its territorial sea, within which the People’s Republic of China has sovereign rights of exploration for and exploitation of resources of the seabed and its sub-soil and adjacent water resources in accordance with international law and its domestic law;
(b) “the Argentine Republic” means all the territory of the Argentine Republic, within the scope of its sovereignty, encompassing its continental land; territorial waters; and, pursuant to Public International Law and Argentine legislation, any area beyond the territorial waters, including the exclusive economic zone and the seabed and the subsoil, over which the Argentine Republic exercises its competence and sovereign rights for the exploration, exploitation and conservation of natural resources;
(c) “Competent Authority” means:
(i) in the case of the People’s Republic of China, the State Administration of Taxation or its authorized representatives; and
(ii) in the case of the Argentine Republic, the Federal Administration of Public Revenues or its authorized representatives;
(d) “information” means any fact, statement, document or record in whatever form, necessary for the administration and enforcement of the taxes covered herein;
(e) "information gathering measures" means judicial, regulatory or administrative laws and procedures enabling a Contracting Party to obtain and provide the information requested;

(f) "national" means:
(i) in relation to the People's Republic of China, any individual possessing the nationality of the People's Republic of China;
(ii) in relation to the Argentine Republic, any individual possessing the nationality of the Argentine Republic;
(iii) any company, partnership or association deriving its status as such from the laws in force in a Contracting Party;

(g) "person" means an individual, a company or any other entity that is subject to taxation as defined in the domestic law of each of the Contracting Parties;

(h) "company" means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;

(i) "collective investment fund or scheme" means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of its legal form;

(j) "public collective investment fund or scheme" means any collective investment fund or scheme in which the purchase, sale or redemption of shares or other interests is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;

(k) "publicly traded company" means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold "by the public" if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors; and for this purpose, the term "principal class of shares" means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company. For the purposes of this sub-paragraph the term "recognised stock exchange" means:
(i) in the People's Republic of China:
   - the Shanghai Stock Exchange;
(ii) in the Argentine Republic:
   - the Bolsa de Comercio de Buenos Aires or the Mercado de Valores de Buenos Aires Sociedad Anónima;
(iii) any other Stock Exchange which the Competent Authorities agree to recognize for the purposes of this sub-paragraph;

(l) "Requested Party" means the Party to this Agreement which is requested to provide or has provided information in response to a request;

(m) "Requesting Party" means the Party to this Agreement submitting a request for or having received information from the Requested Party;

(n) "tax" means any tax covered by this Agreement.

2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Contracting Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that Contracting Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Contracting Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Contracting Party.
ARTICLE 5
EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION UPON REQUEST

1. The Competent Authority of the Requested Party shall provide upon request in writing information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the conduct being investigated would constitute a tax offence under the laws of the Requested Party if such conduct occurred in the territory of the Requested Party. If the information received by the Competent Authority of the Requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, it shall advise the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party of that fact and request such additional information as may be required to enable the effective processing of the request.

2. If the information in the possession of the Competent Authority of the Requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for the information, the Requested Party shall use all relevant information gathering measures to provide the Requesting Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the Requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.

3. If specifically requested by the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party, the Competent Authority of the Requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.

4. Each Contracting Party shall ensure that its Competent Authority, for the purposes of this Agreement, has the authority to obtain and provide upon request:

   (a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person, including nominees and trustees, acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity;
   (b) information regarding the ownership of companies, partnerships, trusts, foundations and other persons, including, within the constraints of Article 2, ownership information on all such persons in an ownership chain; in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees and beneficiaries, and where applicable, those persons to whom the trust property title is transferred at the expiration of the trust; and in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries.

5. Notwithstanding the preceding paragraphs, this Agreement does not create an obligation on the Contracting Parties to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment funds or schemes, unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.

6. The Competent Authority of the Requesting Party shall provide the following information to the Competent Authority of the Requested Party when making a request
for information under this Agreement in order to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:

(a) the identity of the person or persons under examination, inspection or investigation;
(b) the period for which the information is requested;
(c) the nature and type of the information requested, including a description of the information and/or specific evidence sought, and the form in which the Requesting Party would prefer to receive the information;
(d) the tax purposes for which the information is sought;
(e) grounds for believing that the information requested is present in the territory of the Requested Party or is in the possession or control of a person subject to the jurisdiction of the Requested Party;
(f) to the extent known, the name and address of any person believed to be in possession or control of the information requested;
(g) a statement that the request is in conformity with this Agreement and the laws and administrative practices of the Requesting Party, and that if the requested information were within the jurisdiction of the Requesting Party then the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party would be able to obtain the information under the laws of the Requesting Party or in the normal course of administrative practice;
(h) a statement that the Requesting Party has pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except those that would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.

7. The Competent Authority of the Requested Party shall forward the requested information as promptly as possible to the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party. To ensure a prompt response, the Competent Authority of the Requested Party shall:

(a) immediately confirm receipt of a request in writing to the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party and shall notify the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party of deficiencies in the request, if any, within sixty (60) running days of receipt of the request;
(b) provide the requested information to the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party within a maximum period of ninety (90) running days as of receipt of the request; and
(c) immediately inform the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party, explaining the reason for its inability, the nature of the obstacles or the reasons for its refusal, if the Competent Authority of the Requested Party has been unable to obtain and provide the information within ninety (90) running days of receipt of the request, including if it encounters obstacles in furnishing the information or it refuses to furnish the information.
ARTICLE 6
TAX EXAMINATIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS ABROAD

1. The Requested Party may, in accordance with its domestic laws, following receipt of notice of a reasonable time from the Requesting Party, allow representatives of the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party to enter the territory of the Requested Party in connection with a request to interview persons and examine records with the prior written consent of the persons concerned. The Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties shall agree on the time and place of the intended meeting with the persons concerned.

2. At the request of the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party, and in accordance with its domestic laws, the Competent Authority of the Requested Party may permit representatives of the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party to be present at the tax examination in the territory of the Requested Party.

3. If the request referred to in paragraph 2 is granted, the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party conducting the examination shall, as soon as possible, notify the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party of the time and place of the examination, the authority or person authorised to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the Requested Party for the conduct of the examination. All decisions regarding the conduct of the examination shall be made by the Requested Party conducting the examination in accordance with its domestic laws.

ARTICLE 7
POSSIBILITY OF DECLINING A REQUEST

1. The Competent Authority of the Requested Party may decline to assist:

   (a) where the request is not made in conformity with this Agreement;
   (b) where the Requesting Party has not pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except where recourse to such means would give rise to disproportionate difficulty; or
   (c) where the disclosure of the information requested would be contrary to the public policy (ordre public) of the Requested Party.

2. This Agreement shall not impose upon a Contracting Party any obligation to provide information which would disclose any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process. Information described in paragraph 4 of Article 5 shall not by reason of that fact alone constitute such a secret or process.

3. A request for information shall not be refused on the ground that the tax liability giving rise to the request is disputed by the taxpayer.
4. The Requested Party shall not be required to obtain and provide information which, if the requested information was within the jurisdiction of the Requesting Party, the Competent Authority of the Requesting Party would not be able to obtain under its laws or in the normal course of administrative practice.

5. The Requested Party may decline a request for information if the information is requested by the Requesting Party to administer or enforce a provision of the tax law of the Requesting Party, or any requirement connected therewith, which discriminates against a national of the Requested Party as compared with a national of the Requesting Party in the same circumstances.

ARTICLE 8
CONFIDENTIALITY

1. All information provided and received by the Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties shall be treated as confidential in the same manner as information obtained under its domestic legislation; or according to the confidentiality conditions applicable in the jurisdiction of the Contracting Party that provides such information if the latter conditions are more restrictive and shall be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including courts and administrative bodies) in the jurisdiction of the Contracting Parties officially concerned with the purposes specified in Article 1 and used by such persons or authorities only for such purposes, including the determination of any appeal. For these purposes, information may be disclosed in public court proceedings or in judicial proceedings.

2. The information may not be used for any purpose other than for the purposes stated in Article 1 and may not be disclosed to any other person or entity or authority or any other jurisdiction without the express written consent of the Competent Authority of the Requested Party.

ARTICLE 9
SAFEGUARDS

The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practices of the Requested Party remain applicable. The Requested Party shall use its best endeavours to ensure that the effective exchange of information is not unduly prevented or delayed.

ARTICLE 10
ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS

Unless the Competent Authorities of the Parties otherwise agree, ordinary costs incurred in providing assistance shall be borne by the Requested Party, and extraordinary costs in providing assistance (including costs of engaging external advisors in connection with litigation or otherwise) shall be borne by the Requesting Party. The respective Competent Authorities shall consult from time to time with regard to this Article, and in particular the Competent Authority of the Requested Party shall consult with the Competent
Authority of the Requesting Party in advance if the costs of providing information with respect to a specific request are expected to be significant.

ARTICLE 11
LANGUAGES

Requests for assistance and responses thereto shall be in English.

ARTICLE 12
MUTUAL AGREEMENT PROCEDURE

1. Where difficulties or doubts or controversies arise between the Contracting Parties regarding the implementation or interpretation of this Agreement, the respective Competent Authorities shall use their best efforts to resolve the matter by mutual agreement.

2. In addition to the endeavours referred to in paragraph 1, the Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties may mutually determine the procedures to be used under Articles 5 and 6 as well as those matters related to costs covered under Article 10 herein.

3. The Competent Authorities of the Contracting Parties may communicate with each other directly for the purposes of this Agreement.

4. The Contracting Parties may also agree in writing on other forms of dispute resolution.

ARTICLE 13
ENTRY INTO FORCE

The Contracting Parties shall notify each other in writing that they have completed the internal legal procedures necessary for the entry into force of this Agreement. This Agreement shall enter into force on the thirtieth day upon receipt of the latter notification. This Agreement shall have effect in respect of taxable years beginning on or after the date of entry into force.

ARTICLE 14
TERMINATION

1. This Agreement shall remain in force until terminated by either Contracting Party through a written communication sent to the other Contracting Party via diplomatic channel.

2. Such termination shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of six months after the date of receipt of notice of termination by the other Contracting Party.
3. If this Agreement is terminated, the Contracting Parties shall remain bound by the provisions of Article 8 with respect to any information obtained under this Agreement. All requests received up to the effective date of termination shall be dealt with in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorised by the respective Contracting Parties, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at Beijing, in duplicate this 13th day of December, 2010, in the Spanish, Chinese and English languages, all texts being equally authentic. In case of divergence of interpretation, the English text shall prevail.

For the Government of the Argentine Republic

For the Government of the People’s Republic of China