Consumption Tax Trends* - Israel

VAT rate 2019
The Israeli standard VAT rate is 17.0%, which is below the OECD average. The average VAT/GST¹ standard rate in the OECD was 19.3% as of 1 January 2019. The previous standard VAT rate in Israel was 18% in 2014. It changed to the current level in 2015. Israel applies a reduced rate of 0% to a number of goods and services as well as one specific regional rates. VAT was introduced in Israel in 1976 at a standard rate of 8.0%. Since then the minimum and maximum standard rates have been at 8.0% and 18.0% respectively.

VAT Revenue Ratio
The Israeli VRR for 2016 was 0.63, above the OECD average of 0.56. The VRR is a measure of the revenue raising performance of a VAT system. A ratio of 1 would reflect a VAT system that applies a single VAT rate to a comprehensive base of all expenditure on goods and services consumed in an economy - with perfect enforcement of the tax. Relative to the pre-crisis level of 2007 (0.66), the Israeli VRR position has decreased by 0.03 percentage points. The Israeli VRR remained stable at 0.63 between 2014 and 2016. The lowest VRR was recorded in the year 2005 at 0.62 and the highest level in 1996 at 0.66.

---

¹ VAT/GST refers to value added tax/goods and services tax

Source: OECD Tax Database 1st January 2019

* Information presented on this page is only a summary of more detailed information available in the Tax Database and Consumption Tax Trends publication

Source: OECD Consumption Tax Trends 2018 oe.cd/consumption-tax-2018; OECD Tax Database oe.cd/tax-database
Consumption Tax Trends 2018
VAT/GST and Excise Rates, Trends and Policy Issues

Consumption Tax Trends provides information on Value Added Tax/Goods and Services Tax (VAT/GST) and excise duty rates in OECD member countries.

It also contains information about international aspects of VAT/GST developments and the efficiency of this tax. It describes a range of other consumption taxation provisions on tobacco, alcoholic beverages and motor vehicles.

International VAT/GST Guidelines

The International VAT/GST Guidelines now present a set of internationally agreed standards and recommended approaches to address the issues that arise from the uncoordinated application of national VAT systems in the context of international trade.

They focus in particular on trade in services and intangibles, which poses increasingly important challenges for the design and operation of VAT systems worldwide.

They notably include the recommended principles and mechanisms to address the challenges for the collection of VAT on cross-border sales of digital products that had been identified in the context of the OECD/G20 Project on Base and Erosion and Profit Shifting (the BEPS Project).

Contacts

David Bradbury
Centre for Tax Policy and Administration
Head, Tax Policy and Statistics Division
David.Bradbury@oecd.org

Stéphane Buydens
Centre for Tax Policy and Administration
VAT Policy Advisor
Stephane.Buydens@oecd.org