

**Name of collection: Household and individuals ICT usage survey 2006, Šetření o využívání informačních a komunikačních technologií v domácnostech a mezi jednotlivci 2006**

<p><b>Nature of collection</b> If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i>. For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i>.</p>	ICT Use Collection – Household/Individual					
<p><b>Collection agency</b></p>	Czech Statistical Office					
<p><b>General references to collection material</b> Metadata, questionnaires etc</p>						
<p><b>Survey basis or vehicle</b> E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data</p>	Labour force survey					
<p><b>Frequency of collection</b></p>	Annual					
<p><b>Collection history</b> Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection</p>	Reference period: 2Q 2006 Survey period: 2Q 2006					
<p><b>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</b></p>	voluntary					
<p><b>Scope and coverage of collection</b> Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc</p>	<p>10*+ years of age 10-15*, 16-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, 65-74, 75+ All regions were covered. *Age group 10-15 – only some questions were used for this age group. Generally - results for 16+ are published.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="742 1276 1412 1411"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="742 1276 1077 1332">Households</th> <th data-bbox="1085 1276 1412 1332">Individuals</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="742 1339 1077 1411">All households: 4,2 million</td> <td data-bbox="1085 1339 1412 1411">All individuals aged 10+: 9,3 million</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Households	Individuals	All households: 4,2 million	All individuals aged 10+: 9,3 million
Households	Individuals					
All households: 4,2 million	All individuals aged 10+: 9,3 million					
<p><b>Main classifications used</b> E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation</p>						
<p><b>Collection methodology</b> E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview</p>	Computer aided personal interview					
<p><b>Reporting and Statistical units</b> Enterprise, establishment, household, etc</p>	Households and Individuals					
<p><b>Sample frame used</b></p>	Register of census areas					
<p><b>Sampling method</b> E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling</p>	<p>The sample is stratified and two-staged. In the first stage the census areas are sampled in every district by the method of randomised systematic sampling. The probabilities of inclusion are proportional to size (PPS). In the second stage of the sampling, 6 dwellings are sampled in every selected census area by the method of simple random sampling. All individuals aged 10+ in households living in selected</p>					

	dwellings are interviewed.		
<b>Sample size</b> For the most recent collection	Households	Individuals	
	6934 households	Not available	
<b>Response rate</b> The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	Households	Individuals	
	66 %	Not available	
<b>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit)</b> Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	Advance notification in the form of a phone call is used. Showing respondents how the data they are providing are being used		
<b>Weighting of results</b> Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	Weighted to the target population – LFS methods are used.		
	Weighted to the supposed mid-quarter (2nd quarter 2006) population.		
	Supposed mid-quarter population is based on the population in 2004 and 2005.		
<b>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</b> For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	<b>Indicator or subindicator</b>	<b>Estimated proportion**</b>	<b>Coefficient of variation</b>
	Proportion of households having access to the Internet at home	26,7	2,45
	Proportion of households using a broadband connection	15,1	3,51
	Proportion of indiv. having used a computer in the last 3 months	48,0	1,08
	Proportion of individuals regularly using the Internet: overall	33,1	1,24
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: males	36,5	1,98
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: females	30,0	2,21
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: age group 16-24 years	64,8	2,04
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: age group 25-34 years	43,7	2,64
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: age group 35-44 years	42,3	3,03
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: age group 45-54 years	31,7	3,75
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: age group 55-64 years	16,9	5,75
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: age group 65-74 years	4,1	16,4

	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: low educational level	24,6	4,16
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: medium educat. level	29,7	1,91
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: high educational level	71,9	2,01
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: students	80,3	1,7
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: employees	42,0	1,64
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: self-employed	-	-
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: unemployed	20,1	3,25
	Proportion of ind. regularly using the Internet: retired*	2,3	14,18
	Proportion of individuals having downloaded official forms	7,0	3,8
	Proportion of individuals having ordered goods or services for private use over the internet in the last 3 months	6,4	3,98
	** results for the age group 16+		
<p><b>Known data quality issues with this collection</b> E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).</p>			
<p><b>Output details</b> Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.</p>	<p><a href="http://www.czso.cz/eng/edicniplan.nsf/p/9701-06">http://www.czso.cz/eng/edicniplan.nsf/p/9701-06</a> – results of the Survey on ICT Use in Households for 2006: <i>ICT in Households and Among Individuals in the Czech Republic in 2006</i> (English publication)</p> <p>An English version of previous publications containing results from the Household and Individuals' ICT Use Surveys (2003, 2004, 2005) together with other information (publications, bulletins and other materials) related to information society statistics are available free of charge on the following dedicated link of the Czech Statistical Office: <a href="http://www.czso.cz/eng/redakce.nsf/i/information_society">http://www.czso.cz/eng/redakce.nsf/i/information_society</a></p> <p>Basic data (tables and graphs) in English are regularly published including in the Statistical Yearbooks of the</p>		

	Czech Republic (Chapter 13: Science, Technology and Information Society): <a href="http://www.czso.cz/eng/redakce.nsf/i/statistical_yearbooks_of_the_czech_republic">http://www.czso.cz/eng/redakce.nsf/i/statistical_yearbooks_of_the_czech_republic</a>
<b>Other comments</b>	
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