

## PORTUGAL

### Sources and definitions

Data originate from the National Statistical Institute (*Inquérito às Empresas Harmonizado*), INE, 1996-2000.

Data are derived from the Annual Enterprise Inquiry, an enterprise-based survey covering 65 000 enterprises in the mining, manufacturing and electricity, gas and water sectors as well as from annual surveys in building and public works.

Figures for production, value added, employment, investment and number of enterprises cover the entire industry population.

### Variables

**Production** is given in terms of gross value of production, defined as the total value of finished goods produced by the enterprise (intermediate goods sold as such are considered as finished products), plus the value of fixed assets produced for own use, industrial works done for other users, electricity sold, waste products sold to third persons, less the value of work in progress at the beginning of the year. Production is given at both basic price and factor cost valuations.

**Value added** is calculated as the gross value of output, plus the value of work done by the enterprise in the capacity of sub-contractor, less the value of materials, lubricants and energy consumed, hiring of machinery, and contract work done by others, the value of industrial work, repair and maintenance work done by others and non-industrial services received, and the value of duties paid for utilisation of manufacturing processes. Value added is given at basic prices valuation.

Employment, **employees** covers all salaried employees who work for an employer and who have a contract of employment and receive compensation in the form of wages, salaries, fees, gratuities, piecework pay or remuneration in kind. It includes the persons on short leave (vacation and sick leave, on strike, etc.), but does not include persons on military service or on the retired list.

**Wages and salaries, employees** are defined as "the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable to all persons counted on the payroll (including home workers), in return for work done during the accounting period "regardless of whether it is paid on the basis of working time, output or piecework and whether it is paid regularly or not". This variable corresponds to the variable *wages and salaries* (variable 13 320) of the Eurostat NewCronos database.

**Enterprise** means any production unit, whether it is subsidiary to an establishment classed in another sector of activity, is under direct private management or is a public sector body carrying out work under direct management.

**Investment** corresponds to gross investment in all tangible goods during the reference period. This variable corresponds to the variable *gross investment in tangible goods* (variable 15 110) of the Eurostat NewCronos database.

**Composition of the ICT sector**

The ICT sector is in line with the OECD definition.

See also the concordance table, NACE column.