

## Implementing the Anti-Corruption Action Plan for Asia-Pacific: Reforms and anti-corruption resources Singapore

Singapore joined the ADB/OECD Anti-Corruption Initiative for Asia-Pacific on 30 November 2001 ([▶ endorsement statement](#)) and is represented in the Initiative's Steering Group through its Corrupt Practices Investigation Bureau (CPIB).

### Anti-Corruption reform in the framework of the Action Plan

Singapore's reform progress is documented in the regular reports that the country delivered at the Steering Group meetings ([▶ reform progress](#)). The region-wide report on [Anti-Corruption Policies in Asia-Pacific](#) provides a horizontal overview of Singapore's policies, institutions and frameworks as well as progress in this area as of the first quarter of 2006. The outcome of the Initiative's Thematic Reviews provides more detailed analysis of mechanisms to [curb corruption in public procurement](#) and the instruments in place to seek and provide [mutual legal assistance, extradition and the recovery of proceeds of corruption](#).

### Selected anti-corruption resources

- Government Institutions
  - [Corrupt Practices Investigation Bureau \(CPIB\)](#)
  - [Government of Singapore](#)
- Framework and contacts for mutual legal assistance, extradition and asset recovery
  - [Information as of September 2007](#)
- Regulatory resources
  - [Singapore Statutes Online](#)
  - [Criminal Justice Division: Mutual Legal Assistance](#)
  - [Criminal Justice Division: Extradition](#)
- Analysis
  - [Anti-Corruption Policies in Asia-Pacific](#), OECD, Paris, 2006
  - [Curbing Corruption in Public Procurement](#), OECD, Paris, 2006
  - [Mutual Legal Assistance, Extradition and Recovery of Proceeds of Corruption](#), OECD, Paris, 2008
  - [FATF Mutual Evaluation Report](#), FATF, Paris, 2008
  - [Global Integrity: Singapore Country Report](#), Transparency International, Berlin, 2006
- NGOs and business organizations