Colombia
Notes: For 90% of disaster events registered in EM-DAT for Colombia between 1995 and 2015, damage data are not recorded. Owing to differences in the measurement of damage, estimations for individual events may differ across sources. Due to methodological differences in the attribution of deaths to heatwaves, the figure comparing average deaths per million inhabitants against the OECD average excludes these deaths.

In Colombia, the National Unit for Disaster Risk Management (Unidad Nacional para la Gestión del Riesgo de Desastres, UNGRD) is the designated national lead agency for disaster risk management. The UNGRD directs and coordinates the National System for Disaster Risk Management (Sistema Nacional de Gestión del Riesgo de Desastres, SNGRD). The UNGRD has a comprehensive leadership role and designs and formulates national disaster risk management policies, projects and procedures within the framework of the SNGRD. The only function it does not cover is policy evaluation, which is the responsibility of the Department of National Planning (Departamento Nacional de Planeación, DNP).

Sources: OECD Survey on the Governance of Critical Risks, 2016; UNGRD (2017)

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Governance functions of the lead institution

- Design/ formulate risk management policies
- Set priorities and allocate resources accordingly
- Set performance targets
- Provide incentives for policy implementation
- Promote policy coherence across departments
- Address competing policy objectives
- Disseminate evaluation results to the public
- Monitor policy implementation
- Evaluate policy implementation

Critical infrastructure protection

- Standards/ tools for business continuity
- Capabilities to ensure function following a shock
- First responders required to be stationed
- Information on exposure to natural hazards provided
- Information on exposure to terrorist threats provided
- Mandatory emergency preparedness requirements
- Mandatory information sharing about vulnerabilities
- Voluntary information sharing about vulnerabilities

Sources: OECD Survey on the Governance of Critical Risks, 2016

Note: Data from the OECD Survey on the Governance of Critical Risks is only available for 33 OECD countries plus Colombia and Costa Rica.