Enabling coherent policy implementation

- The New Zealand Government Open Access and Licensing framework (NZGOAL) is a whole-of-government guideline for agencies intending to release their data as open data.
- The 2011 New Zealand Data and Information Management Principles contain seven principles on public sector data management that support the 2011 declaration.

Open Government Data Portal

- Data.gov.nz is the central portal for open data from the New Zealand government.
- The Open Data Maturity Dashboard shows the progress made by government agencies in implementing open data practices.

Using data as a platform: ecosystem engagement and collaboration

- Regular Open Data meetups are organised across New Zealand to promote the publication and re-use of open data.
- In 2018, the cross-agency event DataLand NZ brought together people interested in open data with sponsors from the private and public sector. The main activity during the event was a hackathon.
Good practice

The New Zealand Transport Agency’s simple framework for opening data
The New Zealand Transport Agency has recently developed a simple (but comprehensive) framework that can aid government agencies in the quest to deliver high-value open data to the public. The framework consists of two layers: a primary layer which centres on planning, data preparation, quality assessment and reporting; and a governance layer which covers the role of data stewards, subject matter experts and data custodians to ensure the above procedures are carried out appropriately and in line with the prioritisation and mission of the organisation and central government.

Performance per Index Pillar

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data Availability</th>
<th>Data Accessibility</th>
<th>Government Support for Data Reuse</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>0.21</td>
<td>0.20</td>
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Since 2017, the New Zealand government has made great efforts to strengthen its open data policy and ensure external stakeholders are regularly involved in its design, with a positive impact on the overall data availability. Despite this progress, the availability of high-value datasets (as defined by the G8) on data.govt.nz has decreased.

The policy framework and implementation level of re-usable data (in terms of technical requirements and licences) remains strong in New Zealand. As with many other OECD countries, the OGD portal does not allow citizens to contribute data or more actively provide feedback that could contribute to data quality and leverage an open data culture also outside the public sector.

Under the lead of Stats NZ and institutional Data Champions, there has been a remarkable improvement in the support from the government to increase data literacy skills among public servants. This positively affects the score for Pillar 3. The relatively low overall score is contributed to weak efforts aimed at promoting re-use amongst external stakeholders and to monitor open data’s impact.

* 2019 OURdata Index data was collected through the 2018 OECD OGD Survey. Some written information was collected in 2019/2020. Data unavailable for Hungary, Turkey, Iceland and United States.
* The index ranges from 0 to 1 and is composed of three indicators with an equal weight of 0.33. Each indicator ranges from 0 to 0.33.