**Innovative Citizen Participation Project**

**CONTEXT**

In the context of the OECD’s work on open government, we are taking further the research that led to the Recommendation of the Council on Open Government in the area of innovative citizen participation practices. Through numerous reviews, we have identified certain trends of declining trust in government, citizen demands for more openness and growing numbers of innovative practices that give people more agency in shaping public decisions. Now we are taking a closer look into those practices and their potential.

**THE PROJECT**

We are exploring the paradigm changes underway towards a more inclusive governance. Together with a network of democratically and civically minded individuals and organisations, we are analysing the new forms of deliberative, collaborative, and participatory decision making that are happening.

1. To better understand the use of deliberative processes by public institutions for policy making, we are collecting all cases of deliberative processes. For each case, we are looking at 65 criteria, aiming to identify trends regarding what public issues are best suited to be addressed in this way, and how deliberative processes are used and could be used to in connection with other forms of stakeholder and citizen participation.

2. Having analysed what works and what does not, we aim to start a discussion about principles of good practice.

3. Collaboratively with our network of practitioners, experts, academics, designers, and civil servants, we will identify ways in which deliberative processes can be institutionalised and embedded into democratic institutions to address policy challenges.
Reviews provide in-depth analysis of countries' innovative citizen participation practices at all levels of administration, from the design to the impact. Reviews are:

• Based on a partnership with the requesting country
• Tailored to the country’s institutional, cultural & legal context
• Include all relevant actors, outside and within public institutions
• Are conducted by a team of experts in the OECD Secretariat
• Are supported by peer reviewers from OECD member and partner countries
• Provide an international comparative perspective based on qualitative and quantitative evidence

EXAMPLE of Deliberative Processes

**The Irish Citizens’ Assembly (2016-2018)** involved 100 randomly selected citizen members who considered five important legal & policy issues: 8th Amendment of the Constitution on Abortion; Ageing Populations; Referendum Processes; Fixed-Term Parliaments & Climate Change. The Assembly’s recommendations were submitted to Parliament for further debate. Based on its recommendations, the government called a referendum on amending the 8th amendment and declared a climate emergency. It was selected by the OECD as a winning case of the first call for innovative Open Government cases.