



High-Level Roundtable on the Financial Management of Earthquakes

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OECD Headquarters, 2 rue André Pascal, 75116 Paris

CALIFORNIA EARTHQUAKE AUTHORITY (CEA)

Glenn Pomeroy

California Earthquake Authority (US)



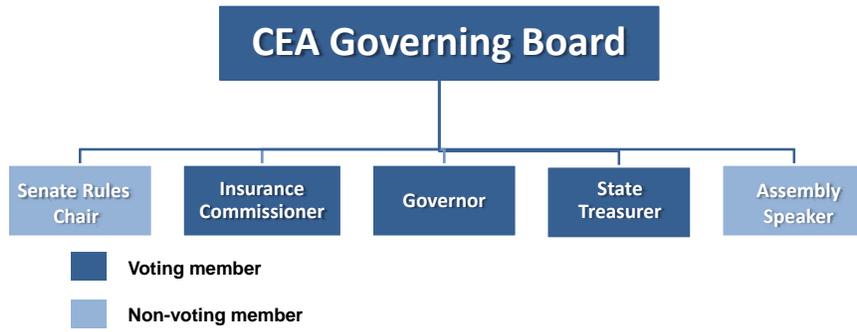
Glenn Pomeroy
Chief Executive Officer
June 23, 2011

The CEA today

- Publicly managed, privately financed residential earthquake insurer
- More than 800,000 policies in force
 - Largest earthquake-insurance provider in U.S.
 - Covers 70% of insured risk in California
- \$10 billion in claims paying capacity
- One of largest purchaser of reinsurance in world
 - \$3 billion cover annually

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Publicly managed



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Privately financed

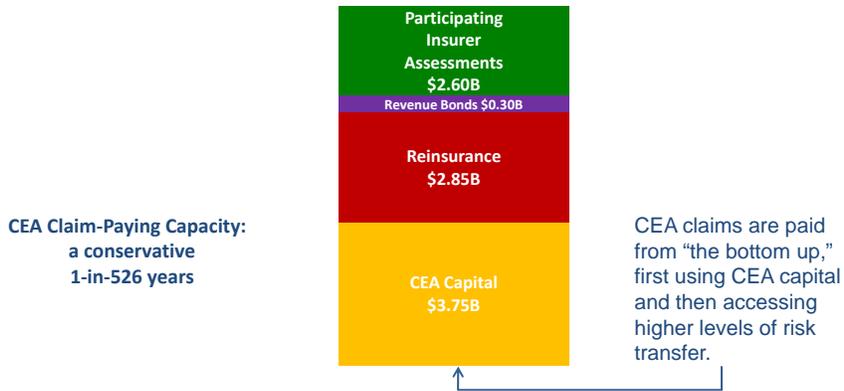


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CEA's claim-paying capacity

2011 Financial Structure

Total: \$9.5 Billion



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Problem:

Only 12% of California households with homeowners insurance also have earthquake coverage – it is strictly a voluntary purchase.



Uninsured



Insured

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CEA is overly dependant on reinsurance

2011 CEA Financial Structure Total: \$9.5 Billion

Rating Agencies:

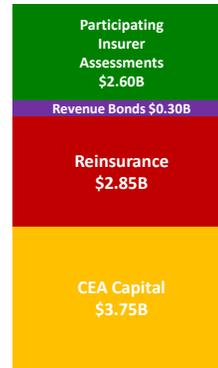
- Require 1-in-500 year capacity

Reinsurance:

- Costs CEA about \$200 Million each year
- Comprises 2/3 of CEA's overall expenses but just 1/3 of claim-paying capacity
- Absorbs 40% of policyholder premium

Costs borne by consumers:

- Expensive premium — especially in high-risk areas
- High deductible (15%)



CEA Claim-Paying Capacity
1-in-526 years

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Reinsurance cost = 40% of policyholder premium

- To date, CEA policyholders have paid \$6.77 billion in premium.
- Almost \$3 billion has been expended on reinsurance.
- CEA has received \$250,000 in paid reinsurance claims.

Premium Received: \$6.77B



Paid to Reinsurers: \$2.92B



- * Other Expenses Paid
- Agent Commissions
 - Debt Financing
 - Participating Insurer Fees
 - CEA Operations

CEA must develop additional risk transfer solutions.

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The way forward for the CEA – diversification of capital sources

- Diversification of capital sources will:
 - Reduce policyholders costs
 - Increase CEA's ability to offer different coverage options
 - Improve long-term stability of the CEA

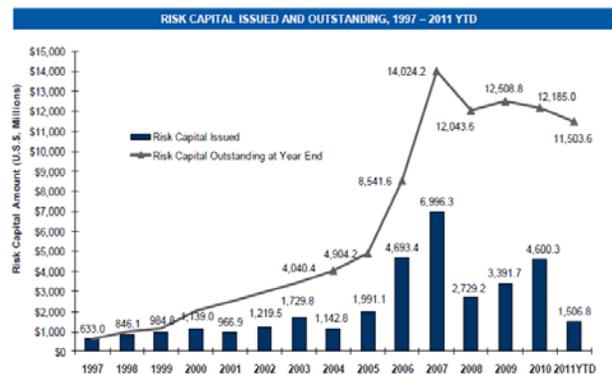
Result:

- More households protected by earthquake insurance
- Faster and more complete economic recovery post-event

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Diversification tool 1: Capital markets risk transfer

- The catastrophe bond market has matured to become an established source of risk transfer capacity for global P&C companies - 9 of 10 largest U.S. insurers have accessed cat bond market
 - Provides multi-year, collateralized cover with alternative, potentially much larger, investor base than traditional reinsurance
- Currently there is \$11.5 billion of cat bonds outstanding and over \$30 billion in cumulative issuance – but this market still represents less than 15% of global risk transfer annually



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Diversification tool 2: S. 637



The Earthquake Insurance Affordability Act

- US Congress will consider legislation authorizing U.S. Treasury Department to create a limited federal guarantee for post-event bonds issued by eligible state programs.
- Proposal limits federal guarantee to \$5 billion.
- Other states may consider creating CEA type programs.

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Post-event bonds will lower costs and increase financial strength

Current CEA Financial Structure



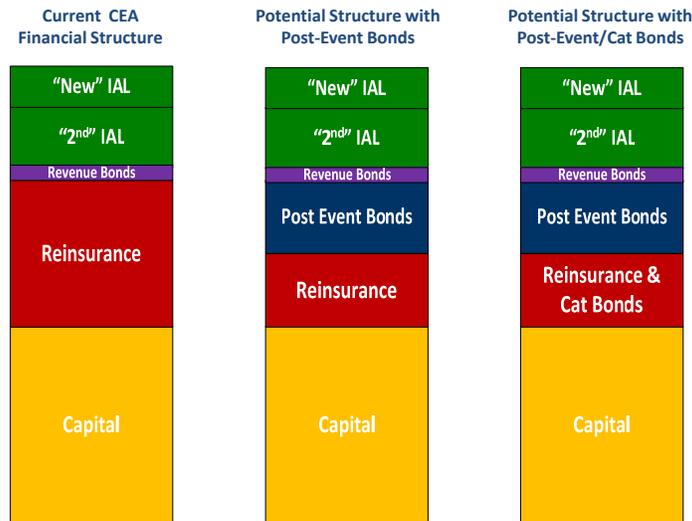
Potential Structure with Post-Event Bonds



- A limited amount of post-event bonds will replace some of the (pre-funded, annually renewed) reinsurance program.
- Probability of borrowing will be less than 2%.
- More flexible capital management strategies will strengthen CEA's ability to repay and prepare for subsequent events.

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Post-event bonds and cat bonds provide needed diversification



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Risk management through diversified risk-transfer solutions



- Capital
- Reinsurance
- Catastrophe Bonds
- Debt

More arrows in the quiver

Developing access to capital markets and post event bonding capability will allow the CEA to offer more affordable, higher value coverage – and will strengthen the sustainability of the organization.

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