

**Scoreboard for young people aged 15-24,<sup>a</sup> Korea, 1996 and 2006**

	1996			2006		
	Korea	EU <sup>b</sup>	OECD <sup>b</sup>	Korea	EU <sup>b</sup>	OECD <sup>b</sup>
Employment rate (% of the age group)	<b>33.7</b>	38.8	43.5	<b>27.2</b>	37.9	43.0
Unemployment rate (UR) (% of the labour force)	<b>6.3</b>	19.5	16.2	<b>10.0</b>	17.4	14.7
Relative UR youth/adult (15-24)/(25-54)	<b>3.7</b>	2.4	2.4	<b>3.2</b>	2.7	2.7
Unemployment to population ratio (% of the age group)	<b>2.2</b>	8.7	7.8	<b>3.0</b>	7.2	6.6
Incidence of long-term unemployment (% of unemployment)	<b>2.3</b>	32.3	24.9	<b>0.4</b>	27.2	20.8
Incidence of part-time work (% of employment)	<b>5.5</b>	14.5	19.5	<b>14.9</b>	20.5	23.3
Neither in education nor in employment rate (% of the age group) <sup>c</sup>	<b>14.8</b>	13.1	13.4	<b>11.7</b>	11.3	12.0
School drop-outs (% of the age group) <sup>c</sup>	..	13.9	16.7	<b>2.6</b>	11.0	13.2
Relative UR low skills/high skills (<ISCED 3)/(>ISCED 3) <sup>d</sup>	<b>1.1</b>	2.6	2.5	<b>1.6</b>	2.2	2.2

.. Data not available.

- ISCED 3: International standard of education referring to upper secondary education.

a) 16-24 for Iceland, Norway, Spain, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the United States.

b) Unweighted averages for the 19 OECD members of the European Union and for all 30 OECD countries.

c) 1995 and 2005 for Korea, 1997 and 2004 for OECD and EU.

d) 1997 and 2005, instead of 1996 and 2006.

Source: OECD database on education and labour force participation.