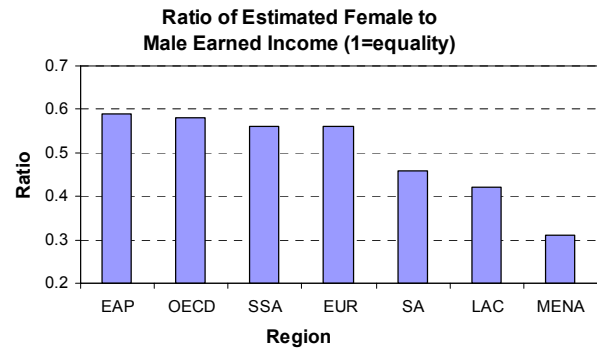
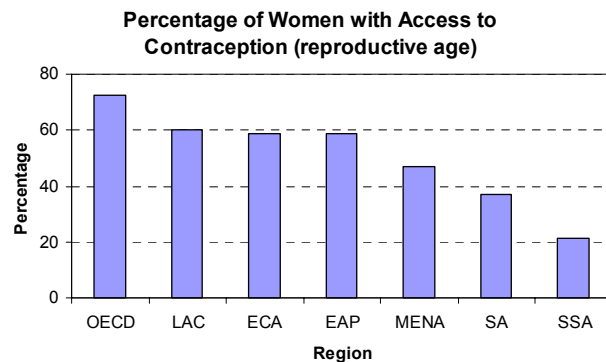
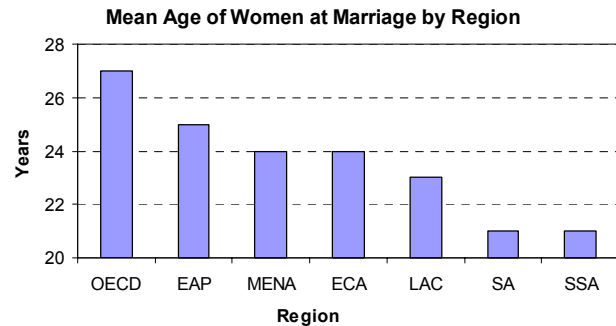
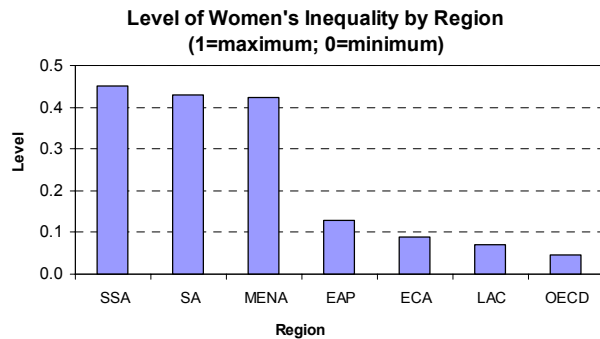


## Sample Presentation of Selected GID Indicators

For more information, consult the GID web pages at <http://www.oecd.org/dev/gender> (© OECD 2007)



Missing Women (e.g. due to sex selective abortions; 1=high discrimination)	
Afghanistan	1
India	0.85
Pakistan	0.84
China	0.72
Chinese Taipei	0.51
Egypt	0.48
Bangladesh	0.45
Iran	0.4
Syria	0.33

Female genital mutilation (% of women affected)	
Bahrain	100
Guinea	99
Somalia	98
Egypt	97
Eritrea	95
Mali	92
Sierra Leone	90
Sudan	89
Gambia	80
Ethiopia	80

Civil Liberties Sub-Index (1=high discrimination)	
Pakistan	1.00
Saudi Arabia	0.85
Sudan	0.85
Oman	0.75
United Arab Emirates	0.75
Yemen	0.75
India	0.55
Chad	0.50
Iran	0.50
Lebanon	0.50
Nigeria	0.50

Early marriage (% of female population married before age 20)	
Niger	62
Mali	50
Chad	49
Bangladesh	48
Mozambique	47
Sierra Leone	47
Guinea	46
Central African Republic	42
Nepal	40
Gambia	39

Family Code Sub-Index (1=high discrimination)	
Niger	0.91
Mali	0.88
Bangladesh	0.87
Chad	0.87
Mozambique	0.87
Equatorial Guinea	0.82
Mauritania	0.82
Yemen	0.82
Pakistan	0.80
Sudan	0.80

Ownership Rights Sub-Index (1=high discrimination)	
Equatorial Guinea	1.0
Sudan	1.0
Saudi Arabia	0.9
Tanzania	0.9
Uganda	0.9
Chad	0.8
Mali	0.8
Nepal	0.8
Togo	0.8
Zimbabwe	0.8

### **Legend:**

- **EAP** East Asia and Pacific
- **ECA** Europe and Central Asia
- **LAC** Latin America and Caribbean
- **MENA** Middle East and North Africa
- **OECD** Member countries of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- **SA** South Asia
- **SSA** Sub-Saharan Africa

**Level of Discrimination against Women by Region:** Based on the Social Institutions and Gender Index, a composite index measuring gender inequality in four areas of social institutions: family code, physical integrity, civil liberties, and ownership rights. For details on how the index is calculated, see Working Paper on Gender, Institutions and Development Data Base (2006): [www.oecd.org/dev/gender](http://www.oecd.org/dev/gender).

**Percentage of Women with Access to Contraception:** Proportion of women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner is using) a contraceptive method at a given point in time. Contraceptive methods include clinic and supply (modern) methods and non-supply (traditional) methods. Clinic and supply methods include female and male sterilization, intrauterine devices (IUDs), hormonal methods (oral pills, injectables, and hormone-releasing implants, skin patches and vaginal rings), condoms and vaginal barrier methods (diaphragm, cervical cap and spermicidal foams, jellies, creams and sponges). Traditional methods include rhythm, withdrawal, abstinence and lactational amenorrhoea.

**Ratio of Estimated Earned Income:** Roughly derived on the basis of the ratio of the female non-agricultural wage to the male non-agricultural wage, the female and male shares of the economically active population, total female and male population and GDP per capita (in purchasing power parity terms in US dollars). For details on this estimation, see Technical note 1 of Human Development Report (2006).

**Mean Age at Marriage:** Estimate of the mean age at marriage for a given population in a period of time which is derived from the estimation of never-married women from survey or census data.

**Early Marriage:** Number of girls between 15 and 19 years of age who are currently married, divorced or widowed in a particular age group divided by all persons in that age group. These percentages are derived from census data on the population classified by current marital status, sex and age group.

**Family Code Sub-Index:** The family code is the complex of formal and informal laws, customs, and traditions that constrain women's economic participation.

**Civil Liberties Sub-Index:** Civil Liberties measure the extent to which women's participation in social life is restricted

**Ownership Rights Sub-Index:** Ownership rights measure the extent to which women are excluded from holding property or accessing bank loans.