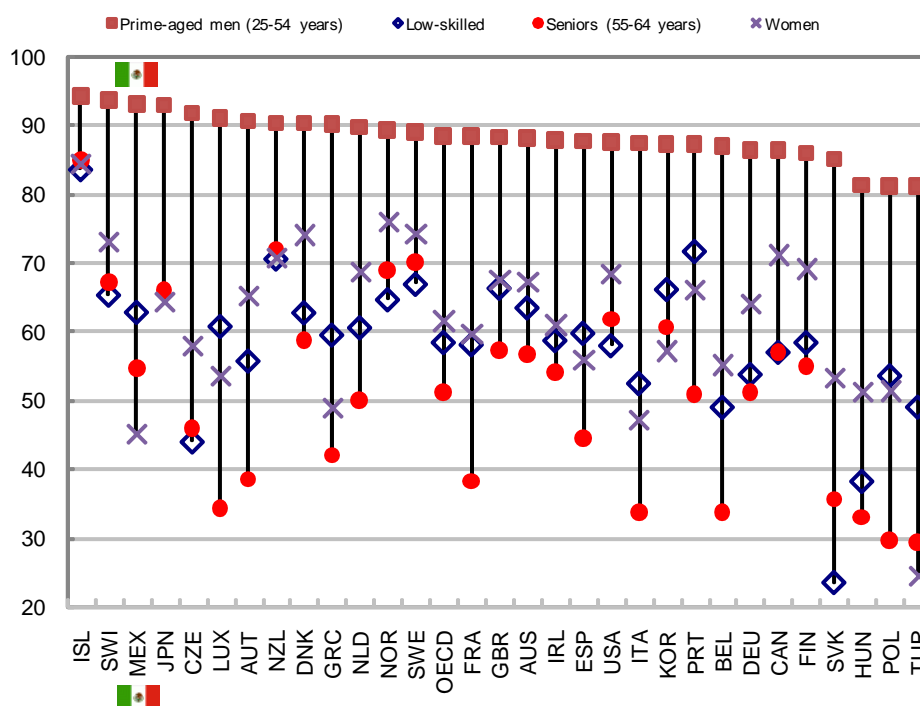


OECD (2009), Society at a Glance – OECD Social Indicators

KEY FINDINGS: MEXICO

Employment: Eight out of ten men in Mexico are working, slightly above the OECD average of three out of four. Yet less than half Mexican women have jobs, compared to an average of 60% in the OECD area. [[PDF](#)] [[XLS](#)] [[HTML](#)]

Employment rates by gender and age group, 2007



Life satisfaction: While Mexico shows almost the lowest income among OECD countries, at USD 10 000 per capita, Mexicans report being almost as satisfied with life as OECD's highest income country, Luxembourg, at USD 55 000. [[PDF](#)] [[XLS](#)] [[HTML](#)]

Health spending: Mexico spends the least per capita on health care, and along with Turkey, Poland and the Slovak Republic, less than half the OECD average. [[PDF](#)] [[XLS](#)] [[HTML](#)]

Obesity: With 30% of the adult Mexican population reported as obese, they are second only to the US, where over one in three adults have a BMI of over 30. However, 10% more women than men are obese in Mexico, more than the OECD average of 4%. [[PDF](#)] [[XLS](#)] [[HTML](#)]

Education: While Mexico's 15-year-olds scored lowest in maths, reading and science scores, girls are outpacing the boys in reading scores, by 13 points, well over the OECD average of 6 points. [[PDF](#)] [[XLS](#)] [[HTML](#)]