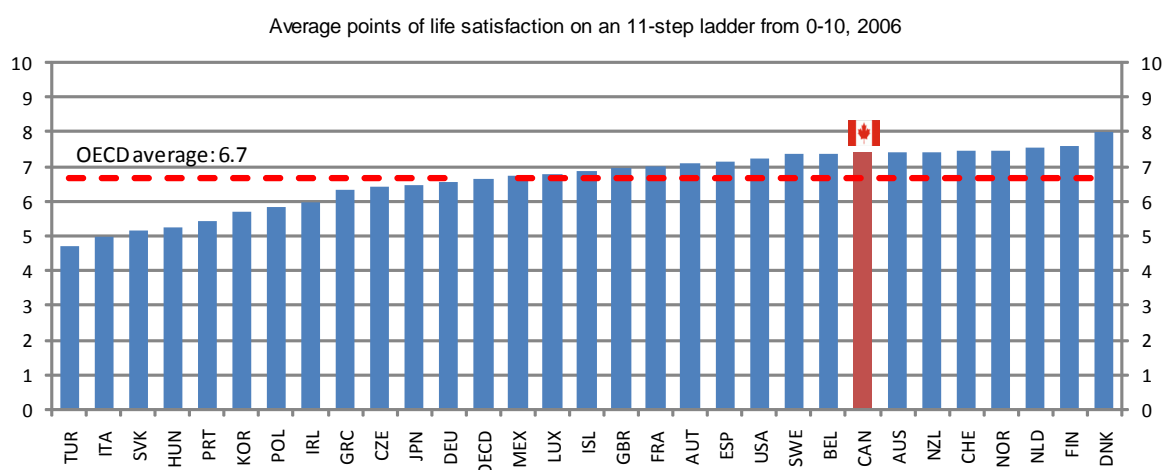


OECD (2009), Society at a Glance – OECD Social Indicators

KEY FINDINGS: CANADA

Life satisfaction: Canadians are happy with their lives, but less so than they used to be. While Canada ranks 8th in terms of life satisfaction for OECD countries, it is one of only five countries that registered a decline between 2000 and 2006, along with Portugal, Hungary, the US and Japan. [\[PDF\]](#) [\[XLS\]](#) [\[HTML\]](#)



High earnings: Net national income (NNI) per capita in OECD countries ranges from USD 11 000 to USD 55 000. Canadians have the fifth largest NNI, following Luxembourg, Norway, the US and Switzerland. [\[PDF\]](#) [\[XLS\]](#) [\[HTML\]](#)

Immigration: Canada has more immigrants than the United States, with 20% of the population foreign-born. The ratio is similar in Luxembourg, Switzerland, Australia and New Zealand. [\[PDF\]](#) [\[XLS\]](#) [\[HTML\]](#)

Health assessment: Nine out of ten Canadians feel that they enjoy good health, as do their neighbours in the US, and farther away, New Zealand, and they live a year longer than the OECD average. This contrasts with Slovenia, Japan and Portugal, where not even four out of ten people report their health as good. [\[PDF\]](#) [\[XLS\]](#) [\[HTML\]](#)

Teen cigarette smokers: Canadian and United States teens smoke the least compared to 15-year-olds in other OECD countries. With only 7% of boys and 10% of girls stating they had smoked at least one cigarette within the last seven days, only the Sweden, Portugal and the Netherlands approach that rate. Austria reports the highest number of teen smokers, at 24% of boys and 30% of girls. [\[PDF\]](#) [\[XLS\]](#) [\[HTML\]](#)