



Multi-stakeholder meeting on the implementation of the Principles for Good International Engagement in Afghanistan

17-18 June 2009 · Kabul

10 Principles were adopted by the ministers of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development in April 2007 to improve the impact of their engagement in these countries. They recognized that situations of fragility require a different response from those needed in better performing countries: *Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, the European Commission, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States.*

7 countries in situations of fragility committed, at the Accra High Level Forum in September 2008, to launch a series of multi-stakeholder meetings to discuss the impact of international engagement in their country through the lens of the OECD Principles for Good International Engagement in Fragile States and Situations:

Afghanistan, Central African Republic, Cote d'Ivoire, Haiti, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, East Timor and Sierra Leone.

A country-level approach: The Principles are meant to guide international engagement in fragile states as a whole, including security, diplomacy, development cooperation, state institutions and state-society relations, peace-building and humanitarian action as well as economic affairs.

The Principles aim to complement the partnership commitments set out in the Paris Declaration (2005), which states the need to adopt principles of aid effectiveness to the particular context of countries in situations of fragility.

THE MULTI-STAKEHOLDER MEETING IN AFGHANISTAN

100 participants, representing the government, the Parliament, civil society, and international actors, are invited to a dialogue on the extent to which each Principle is applied and with what impact, and to identify priority actions. The diagnosis and priority actions will feed directly into the ANDS Implementation Plan and, in a spirit of mutual accountability the Afghanistan Aid Policy Action Plan.

The multi-stakeholder meeting will be followed by a **second meeting in 2011** in order to monitor progress over time.

At the **global level**, the results of these two multi-stakeholder meetings will be summarized in a report for the international actors engaged in Afghanistan and will be made available at the Fourth High Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness in 2011.

The meeting is organized by the **government of Afghanistan**, who ensures that all principal parties (national and international) will have a voice in the dialogue. The government of Afghanistan designated UNAMA and the UK as the international focal points for support.

Visit www.oecd.org/fsprinciples for more information, or contact:

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