

PART B Details of ICT collections

Please **copy and complete** the following table for each **distinct** ICT collection (including ICT modules on general collection vehicles).

Include URL links where they: reasonably specific to the question and expected to be fairly stable in an annual timeframe.

Please **do not** insert rows or columns or edit any text in the first column. Thank you.

Name of collection: Use of ICT and e-commerce in enterprises

Nature of collection If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i> . For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i> .	ICT use collection – Business
Collection agency	Statistics Iceland http://www.statice.is
General references to collection material Metadata, questionnaires etc	Statistical Series: Information technology (available on Statistics Iceland’s website)
Survey basis or vehicle E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data	Standalone survey
Frequency of collection	N.a. (see collection history)
Collection history Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection	Surveys were conducted in 2002, 2003 and 2006.
Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary	Voluntary
Scope and coverage of collection Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc	In 2002 and 2003: Census, i.e. all enterprises with 10+ employees in the following NACE sections: D, F, G, H, I, J, K and O (921-922). In 2006: Due to the smallness of the sample frame, a combination of census and random sampling was used. Enterprises with 10+ employees within Nace sections: D, F, G, H, I, J, K and O (921-922)
Main classifications used E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation	Economic activity and size.
Collection methodology E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview	2002: Telephone survey with the aid of the BLAISE system. 2003: Postal survey, whereas answers could also be delivered online. 2006: Online survey.
Reporting and Statistical units Enterprise, establishment, household, etc	Enterprise.
Sample frame used	The PAYE register.
Sampling method E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling	In 2002 and 2003: Census, In 2006: A combination of census and random sampling.

Sample size For the most recent collection	2002 and 2003: 1 243 enterprises 2006: 800 enterprises
Response rate The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	2003: 75 % 2006: 60%
Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit) Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	Written reminder, followed up by e-mails and telephone reminders.
Weighting of results Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	In 2002 and 2003: None In 2006: Grossing up procedure: $\frac{N_h}{m_h}$ Where: N _h is the size of stratum h m _h is the number of respondents in stratum h
Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	N.a.
Known data quality issues with this collection E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	None
Output details Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.	http://www.statice.is/it
Other comments	None
Contact/s Where available, provide names and email addresses.	Mrs. Gudfinna HARDARDOTTIR Statistics Iceland Business statistics e-mail: Gudfinna.Hardardottir@statice.is Tel: +354 528 1263 Fax: +354 528 1299