

**Name of collection: Accounting figures for joint-stock companies in the Information sector**

<p><b>Nature of collection</b> If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i>. For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i>.</p>	ICT supply collection – Accounting figures for joint-stock companies in the Information Sector
<p><b>Collection agency</b></p>	Statistics Norway
<p><b>General references to collection material</b> Metadata, questionnaires etc</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Survey basis or vehicle</b> E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data</p>	<p>Since 1993, Statistics Norway has collected accounts statistics for non-financial joint-stock companies based on the enterprises' official annual accounts submitted to the Register of Company Accounts in Brønnøysund. For these statistics on the Information sector, figures have been used going back to 1998. In the section "About the statistics" in Accounts Statistics for Joint-Stock Companies there is a description of how the accounts statistics are produced and the sources of error and uncertainties linked to the statistics.</p> <p><a href="http://www.ssb.no/english/subjects/10/regnaksje_en/">http://www.ssb.no/english/subjects/10/regnaksje_en/</a></p>
<p><b>Frequency of collection</b></p>	Annual
<p><b>Collection history</b> Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</b></p>	Mandatory
<p><b>Scope and coverage of collection</b> Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Main classifications used</b> E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Collection methodology</b> E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Reporting and Statistical units</b> Enterprise, establishment, household, etc</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Sample frame used</b></p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Sampling method</b> E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Sample size</b> For the most recent collection</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Response rate</b> The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection</p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<p><b>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit)</b></p>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>

Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	
<b>Weighting of results</b> Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<b>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</b> For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<b>Known data quality issues with this collection</b> E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<b>Output details</b> Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>
<b>Other comments</b>	No
<b>Contact/s</b> Where available, provide names and email addresses.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/regnikt_en/</a>

**Name of collection:** *Enterprises established and bankruptcy proceedings in the information sector*

<b>Nature of collection</b> If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i> . For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i> .	ICT supply collection – Enterprises established and bankruptcy proceedings in the Information Sector
<b>Collection agency</b>	Statistics Norway
<b>General references to collection material</b> Metadata, questionnaires etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Survey basis or vehicle</b> E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data	Statistics about bankruptcy proceedings and new establishment of enterprises are based on the general statistics on bankruptcy proceedings ( <a href="http://www.ssb.no/konkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/konkurs_en/</a> ) and the general statistics on enterprise demography ( <a href="http://www.ssb.no/foretak_en/">http://www.ssb.no/foretak_en/</a> ). In the section "About the statistics", descriptions of the production and sources of errors and uncertainty are available. The statistics handle both bankruptcies in enterprises and personal bankruptcies. Personal bankruptcies are only distributed at to digit-level industrial groups. Therefore personal bankruptcies in the ICT sector are only included for the ICT Consultancy services. With

	<p>information about all personal bankruptcies in the ICT sector the share of bankruptcies in the sector would be larger than these statistics show. Only enterprises with information indicating that industrial activities will take place are counted as new registrations and new businesses in the statistical year. This means that certain types of organisations are excluded from the demographical part of the statistics. This pertains to new registrations of Norwegian sections of foreign enterprises (NUF) and voluntary organisations (FLI) that are not registered in the National Register of Business Enterprises in Brønnøysund (FR). The same is the case for other legal units that evidently only are registered because of a need for an organisation number.</p>
<b>Frequency of collection</b>	Annual
<b>Collection history</b> Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</b>	Mandatory
<b>Scope and coverage of collection</b> Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Main classifications used</b> E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Collection methodology</b> E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Reporting and Statistical units</b> Enterprise, establishment, household, etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Sample frame used</b>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Sampling method</b> E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Sample size</b> For the most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Response rate</b> The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit)</b> Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Weighting of results</b> Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</b> For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>

variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	
<b>Known data quality issues with this collection</b> E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Output details</b> Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Other comments</b>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>
<b>Contact/s</b> Where available, provide names and email addresses.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktkonkurs_en/</a>

**Name of collection: *Information sector***

<b>Nature of collection</b> If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i> . For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i> .	ICT supply collection – Information Sector
<b>Collection agency</b>	Statistics Norway
<b>General references to collection material</b> Metadata, questionnaires etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Survey basis or vehicle</b> E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data	The statistics of employment, turnover and value added are built on available structural business statistics (SBS) for the industries in the ICT sector and the Content sector. Mainly establishments are used as statistical unit, but for telecommunications, enterprises are used as statistical units for the period 1995-1998, because of missing figures on establishments.
<b>Frequency of collection</b>	Annual
<b>Collection history</b> Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</b>	Mandatory
<b>Scope and coverage of collection</b> Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Main classifications used</b> E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Collection methodology</b>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>

E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview	
<b>Reporting and Statistical units</b> Enterprise, establishment, household, etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Sample frame used</b>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Sampling method</b> E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Sample size</b> For the most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Response rate</b> The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit)</b> Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Weighting of results</b> Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</b> For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Known data quality issues with this collection</b> E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Output details</b> Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>
<b>Other comments</b>	No
<b>Contact/s</b> Where available, provide names and email addresses.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktoms_en/</a>

**Name of collection: *External trade in ICT goods***

<b>Nature of collection</b> If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i> . For “other” collections, provide details	ICT supply collection – External trade in ICT goods
---	---

e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs.</i>	
<b>Collection agency</b>	Statistics Norway
<b>General references to collection material</b> Metadata, questionnaires etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Survey basis or vehicle</b> E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data	The statistics are based on figures from the External trade in commodities. The commodity groups follow international nomenclature, the Harmonized System (HS) and SITC (Standard International Trade Classification). Data are collected in co-operation with the Directorate of Customs and Excise and the statistical basis consists of data from customs declarations.
<b>Frequency of collection</b>	Annual
<b>Collection history</b> Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</b>	Mandatory
<b>Scope and coverage of collection</b> Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Main classifications used</b> E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Collection methodology</b> E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Reporting and Statistical units</b> Enterprise, establishment, household, etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Sample frame used</b>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Sampling method</b> E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Sample size</b> For the most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Response rate</b> The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit)</b> Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Weighting of results</b> Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</b> For the most recent collection. These can be	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>

expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	
<b>Known data quality issues with this collection</b> E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Output details</b> Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>
<b>Other comments</b>	No
<b>Contact/s</b> Where available, provide names and email addresses.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/">http://www.ssb.no/iktuh_en/</a>

**Name of collection: Wage statistics. Full-time employees in the ICT sector**

<b>Nature of collection</b> If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i> . For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i> .	ICT supply collection – Wage statistics. Full-time employees in the ICT sector
<b>Collection agency</b>	Statistics Norway
<b>General references to collection material</b> Metadata, questionnaires etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Survey basis or vehicle</b> E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data	The population covers all enterprises in Statistics Norway's Central Register of Establishments and Enterprises in chosen parts of manufacturing (D), wholesale and retail trade (G), transport and communication (I) and real estate, business activities (K) in the Standard Industrial Classification. Each enterprise covers one or more establishments grouped by industrial category. The wage statistics data are obtained for each establishment at the person level. Using the wage statistics for four industrial sections produces these statistics.
<b>Frequency of collection</b>	Annual
<b>Collection history</b> Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</b>	Mandatory
<b>Scope and coverage of collection</b> Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>

<b>Main classifications used</b> E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Collection methodology</b> E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Reporting and Statistical units</b> Enterprise, establishment, household, etc	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Sample frame used</b>	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Sampling method</b> E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Sample size</b> For the most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Response rate</b> The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit)</b> Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Weighting of results</b> Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</b> For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Known data quality issues with this collection</b> E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Output details</b> Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>
<b>Other comments</b>	No
<b>Contact/s</b> Where available, provide names and email addresses.	<a href="http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/">http://www.ssb.no/lonnikt_en/</a>