

Name of collection: *Use of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) in municipalities*

<p>Nature of collection If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i>. For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i>.</p>	ICT Use Collection – Government organisations
<p>Collection agency</p>	Statistics Norway
<p>General references to collection material Metadata, questionnaires etc</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Survey basis or vehicle E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data</p>	The survey is a part of KOSTRA (KOSTRA is an abbreviation for "Municipality-State-Reporting") and data are reported electronically from municipalities to Statistics Norway
<p>Frequency of collection</p>	Annual
<p>Collection history Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</p>	Mandatory
<p>Scope and coverage of collection Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Main classifications used E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Collection methodology E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone interview</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Reporting and Statistical units Enterprise, establishment, household, etc</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Sample frame used</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Sampling method E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Sample size For the most recent collection</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Response rate The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit) Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Weighting of results Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/

<p>Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates</p> <p>For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Known data quality issues with this collection</p> <p>E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Output details</p> <p>Please list (or link to) relevant publications for this collection. You can also email relevant files to the OECD.</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/
<p>Other comments</p>	No
<p>Contact/s</p> <p>Where available, provide names and email addresses.</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbrukk_en/

Name of collection: *Use of information- and communication technology in public administration*

<p>Nature of collection</p> <p>If possible, use the classification of collection types shown above e.g. <i>ICT use collection – business</i>. For “other” collections, provide details e.g. <i>Other ICT collection – ISPs</i>.</p>	ICT Use Collection – Government organisations
<p>Collection agency</p>	Statistics Norway
<p>General references to collection material</p> <p>Metadata, questionnaires etc</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
<p>Survey basis or vehicle</p> <p>E.g. Labour Force supplement, standalone survey, administrative byproduct data</p>	Stand-alone survey
<p>Frequency of collection</p>	Annual
<p>Collection history</p> <p>Reference dates and/or periods from the first to the latest collection</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
<p>Whether collection is mandatory or voluntary</p>	Mandatory
<p>Scope and coverage of collection</p> <p>Target population in terms of size, industry, population groups etc</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
<p>Main classifications used</p> <p>E.g. industry, size, commodity, occupation</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
<p>Collection methodology</p> <p>E.g. face-to-face, mail, Web, telephone</p>	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/

interview	
Reporting and Statistical units Enterprise, establishment, household, etc	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Sample frame used	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Sampling method E.g. stratified random sampling, cluster sampling	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Sample size For the most recent collection	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Response rate The responding proportion of the live in-scope population, most recent collection	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Methods for dealing with non-response (item and unit) Indicate whether imputations are made for non-response and a short description of methods used.	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Weighting of results Weighting method e.g. by employment, number of enterprises, revenue	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Relative standard errors (or coefficients of variation) on main aggregates For the most recent collection. These can be expressed as a range of values. For a given variable, the RSE or CV is equal to the ratio of the square root of the estimate of the sampling variance to the estimated value. It can be expressed as a fraction or a percentage.	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
Known data quality issues with this collection E.g. non-response bias, comparability problems over time, definitional issues, coverage deficiencies, timeliness of frame, high item non-response (identify topics which are particularly problematic).	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/
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Other comments	No
Contact/s Where available, provide names and email addresses.	http://www.ssb.no/iktbruks_en/