More than half of the MoUs have provisions requiring the parties to hold periodic meetings to promote discussion and mutual understanding, if deemed necessary, in a flexible manner. Only a relatively small number of MoUs specify the frequency of the periodic meetings and their purposes.

**Relevant provisions in MoUs:**

(i) several examples of typical provisions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australia-Japan (2015)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*<em>Paragraph [<em>09] Consultations</em></em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.2. The competition authorities will hold a consultation meeting once a year in principle in order to enhance mutual understanding and reinforce cooperation.</td>
</tr>
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<th>Russia-US (2009)</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Communications</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Officials of the U.S. antitrust agencies and FAS Russia should meet, as appropriate, to exchange information on their current and contemplated policy and enforcement efforts and priorities.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EU-India (2013)

V. Meetings

12. The Sides will endeavour, in case of need, to conduct meetings to:

a. discuss current issues, experiences and new developments of mutual interest with respect to competition policy development, legislation and enforcement or the operation of the present Memorandum of Understanding;

b. exchange non-confidential information on the competition environment in economic sectors of common interest;

c. exchange views with respect to multilateral competition initiatives.


Section III Communications

6. Officials of the U.S. antitrust agencies and the KFTC may meet periodically to exchange information on their current enforcement and priorities in relation to their competition laws.

(ii) examples of relatively detailed provisions

Indonesia-Korea (2013)

Article 4 Cooperation through Regular Joint Dialogue

1. The Parties shall endeavor to have regular joint dialogue between the head of competition authorities and meet periodically every two year to exchange information on recent enforcement efforts and key issues regarding each Party’s competition laws, and/or on economic and policy issues of mutual interest;

2. The Parties may have technical meeting or working-level meeting on request of a Party;

3. The meeting shall take place in one of the Party’s countries in which the venue shall be decided with prior communication and consent;

Mongolia-Chinese Taipei (2007)

Article 3 Mutual Visits

1. The mutual exchange visits shall include:

a) Visiting of top level officials of the Parties;

b) Organizing study visits for UCRA staff in Taiwan;

c) Providing instructors/lecturers by TFTC for staff training programs, seminars held in Mongolia.

2. In principle, the visiting of top level officials shall take place every other year by each party, alternating between the Parties.

3. In principle, study visits and staff training programs shall take place every year between the Parties.

4. The purpose, timing, duration, and the content of each visit shall be determined after consultation between the Parties.
Canada-Korea (2006)

V. Meetings

Officials of the Participants will meet periodically, as necessary, to:

(a) exchange information on their enforcement efforts and priorities in relation to their competition and consumer laws;
(b) exchange information on economic sectors of common interest;
(c) discuss competition and consumer law changes under consideration; and
(d) discuss other matters of mutual interest relating to the application of their competition and consumer laws or the operation of this Arrangement.

Japan-Korea (2015)

Paragraph 9 Annual Consultation

9.1. Unless otherwise jointly decided, the Sides will hold consultations at least once a year to:

(a) exchange information on their current enforcement efforts and priorities in relation to the competition law of each country;
(b) exchange information on business sectors of their common interest;
(c) discuss policy matters in which they are interested;
(d) discuss other matters of mutual interest relating to the application of the competition law of each country;
(e) discuss development relating to bilateral or multilateral fora that may be relevant to the cooperative relationship between the Sides; and
(f) discuss any other matters that may be jointly decided upon by the Sides.

9.2. Unless otherwise jointly decided by the Sides, the consultations mentioned in subparagraph 9.1 will be held alternately in Japan and the Republic of Korea.

Australia-New Zealand (2007)

7.0 Meetings

7.1 Officials of the Parties shall meet annually, or as necessary, to:

(a) review and discuss the cooperation, coordination and enforcement assistance undertaken between the Parties for each 12 month period;
(b) exchange information on their enforcement efforts and priorities in relation to their competition, consumer and regulatory functions;
(c) exchange information on economic sectors of common interest;
(d) discuss and coordinate contributions to international competition, consumer and regulatory fora;
(e) discuss review or amendments under consideration with respect to their competition, consumer or regulatory functions;
(f) discuss other matters of mutual interest relating to the application of their competition, consumer and regulatory functions or the operation of this Agreement, including the development of frameworks, guidelines or international developments in the application of economic theory; and
(g) discuss visits of officials, as appropriate.

8.0 Joint Meeting of Commission

On an annual basis, or as otherwise agreed, there will be a meeting of Commissioners of the Parties to discuss cooperation and coordination efforts between the Parties.