



# **Corporate Governance** of Banks in Eurasia

## **Mr Andrew Procter**

**Global Head of Compliance, Deutsche Bank Group** 

## Controlling risks through compliance, function and governing structure

#### London, United Kingdom 30 April 2008

The views expressed in this paper are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the opinions of the OECD or its Member countries or the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

### **Deutsche Bank** 76 countries, 1,889 branches

Deutsche Ban	Deutsche Bank Group – YE 2007				
Headcount	78,291				
Assets	€ 2,027bn				
Loan Book	€ 203bn				
RWA	€ 328bn				
Net Revenues	€ 30.7bn				
Net Income	€ 6.5bn				



## **Group Executive Committee**



Hugo Banziger



prio



**Stefan Krause\*** Board Member since 1<sup>st</sup> April 2008



Hermann-Josef Lamberti COO



**Anshu Jain** Head of Global Markets



Josef Ackermann Chairman of the Management Board and the Group Executive Committee



Rainer Neske Head of Private & Business Clients



**Michael Cohrs** Head of Global Banking



Kevin Parker Head of Asset Management

Management Board CIB PCAM Regions \*From 1st Oc



P P P M

Pierre de Weck Head of Private Wealth Management

**ions** \*From 1st October 2008, Stefan Krause will assume the position of CFO as Anthony Di Iorio's successor



Page 3; Andrew Procter, 30 April 2008

## **DB's Legal, Risk & Capital Principles**

- Our Management Board provides overall risk & capital management supervision for our consolidated Group as a whole. Our Supervisory Board regularly monitors our risk and capital profile
- We manage credit, market, liquidity, operational, business, legal and reputational risks as well as our capital in a co-ordinated manner at all relevant levels within our organisation
- The structure of our function is closely aligned with the structure of our Group Divisions
- The Legal, Risk & Capital function is independent of our Group Divisions

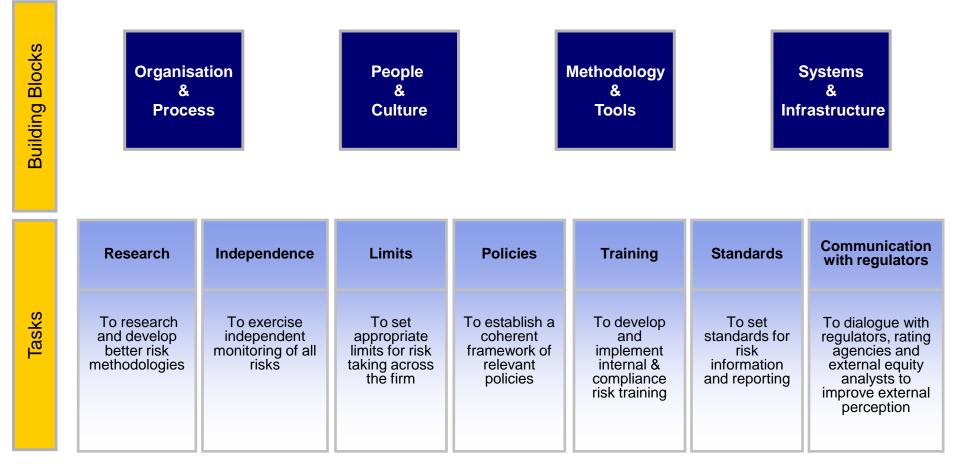


## Legal, Risk & Capital - Goals aligned with DB's Values

Customer Focus	Create risk-structures that fit the needs of our clients
Teamwork	Incentivise businesses to implement better risk management practices
Innovation	Developing innovative risk management solutions
Performance	Enhance shareholder value
Trust	Safeguard Deutsche Bank's Capital & ensure compliance with all in- and external standards



## Legal, Risk & Capital - Tasks at DB





## Legal, Risk & Capital Management Team



Stuart Lewis

## **Risk Executive Committee**

Hugo Banziger Chief Risk Officer

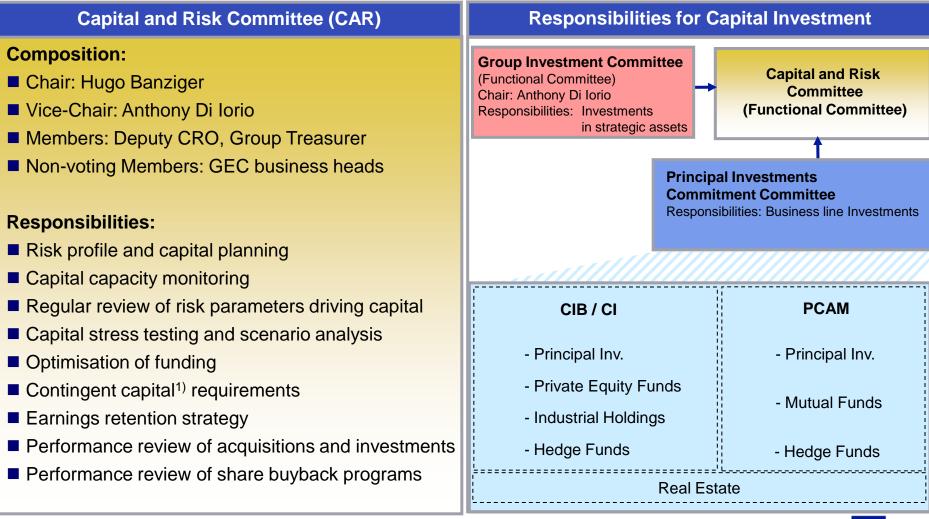
Functional Committee: Risk Executive Committee

Chair: Hugo Banziger Deputy Chief Risk Officers And other senior LRC personnel

# Key Functions within the parameter set by the Management Board

- Risk Strategy preparation, Guiding Principles
- Risk Policy / Methodologies
- Processes, Organisational Structure
- Appointment of Senior Credit Executives
- Risk Portfolio Analysis/Management
- Risk Costs
- Monitors the adherence to guidelines and standards of the Deutsche Bank Group

## **Capital and Risk Committee**



1) Financial Instruments for Capital creation under adverse credit conditions

## **Additional major global risk-related Committees**

#### **Risk Executive Committee (REC)**

Group Reputational Risk Committee Review & final determinations on all reputational risk issues, where escalation is deemed necessary Approval of regional escalation structures on reputational risk issues	<ul> <li>Group Credit Policy Committee</li> <li>Approval of credit policies, major policy exceptions and methods</li> <li>Approval/recom mendation of country limits and industry batches</li> <li>Review / Approval of divisional credit portfolios</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Operational Risk Management Committee</li> <li>Main decision making body for ORM matters</li> <li>Approval of Group standards for OR management and toolset implementation</li> <li>Escalation body for OR issues</li> </ul>	Capital models Forum for discussion of EC models & results between Risk Management and Business	<ul> <li>Market Risk Policy Committee</li> <li>Approval of sub-allocation of market risk limits (VaR, non-VaR, EC) to businesses based on risk appetite and business plan</li> <li>Review of limits excesses</li> <li>Discussion of significant transactions</li> </ul>	Further permanent committees
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## **Categories of Risk**

#### Specific Banking Risks

- Credit risk arises from all transactions that give rise to actual, contingent or potential claims against any counterparty. We distinguish among three kinds of credit risk:
  - Default risk: counterparties fail to meet contractual obligations
  - Country risk: suffering a loss from a possible deterioration of economic conditions, political and social upheaval, expropriation of assets etc.
  - Settlement risk: clearance of transactions fail
- Market Risk arises from the uncertainty concerning changes in market prices and rates
- Liquidity Risk is the risk from a potential inability of DB to meet all payment obligations when they come due
- Operational risk is the loss potential in relation to employees, infrastructure failure, documentation etc.
- Reputational Risk is the threat that publicity concerning a transaction, counterparty or business practice involving a client will negatively impact the public's trust in Deutsche Bank
- Business Risk describes the risk from potential changes in business conditions such as market environment, client behaviour and technological process

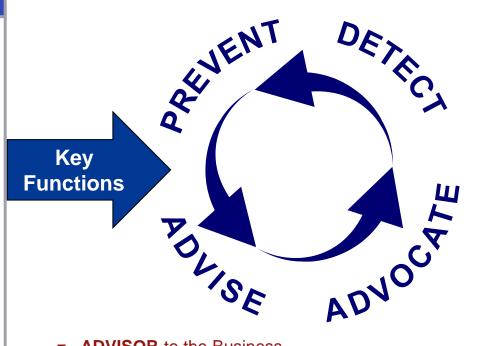


## **Compliance Department**

#### **Statement of Purpose**

We protect the Bank's integrity and reputation as the leading provider of financial solutions by:

- Advancing lawful and ethical business conduct in the interest of our clients, shareholders and people; and
- Preventing and detecting violations of law through identifying and managing financial services regulatory risk.

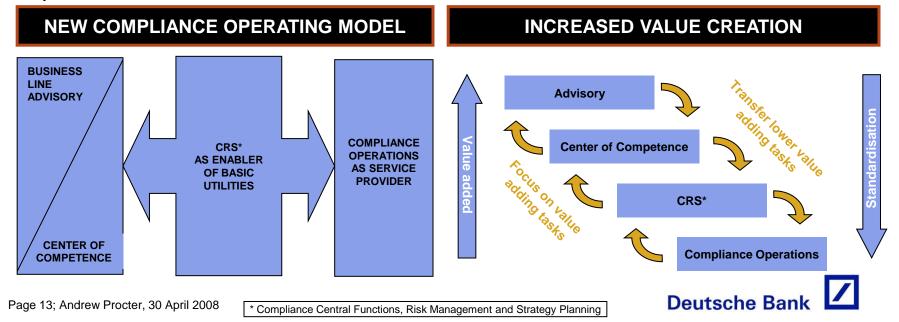


- ADVISOR to the Business
- ADVOCATE for the Bank with external stakeholders
- PREVENTS and ...
- DETECTS violations of law and Bank policy

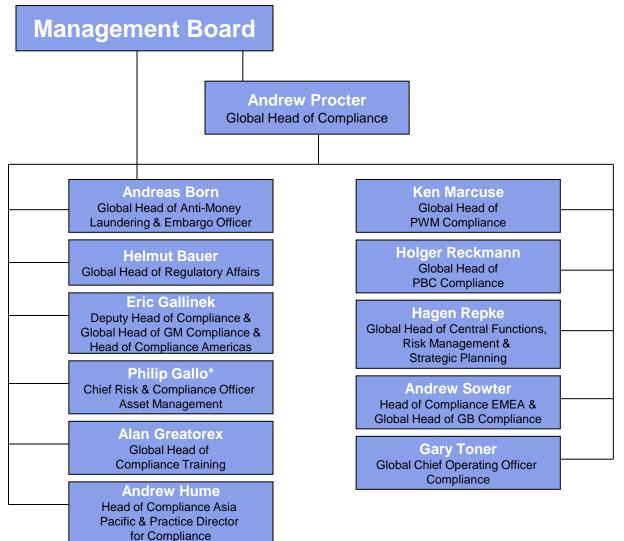


# New Operating Model for Compliance provides strategic opportunity to re-focus on core capabilities

- Compliance Advisory professionals focus on advisory and regulatory relationship management
- Cross regional and divisional CRS\* team focuses on consistent regulatory risk management methods, Compliance intelligence and specialist functional knowledge
- LRC Operations focuses on data and intelligence as well as scalable processes



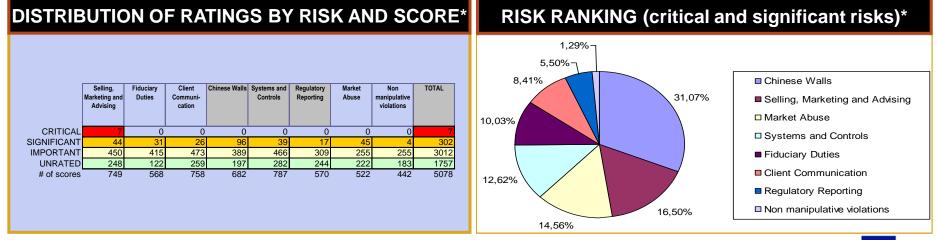
## **Compliance Global Structure**



Additional reporting line into Neil Smith, COO LRC

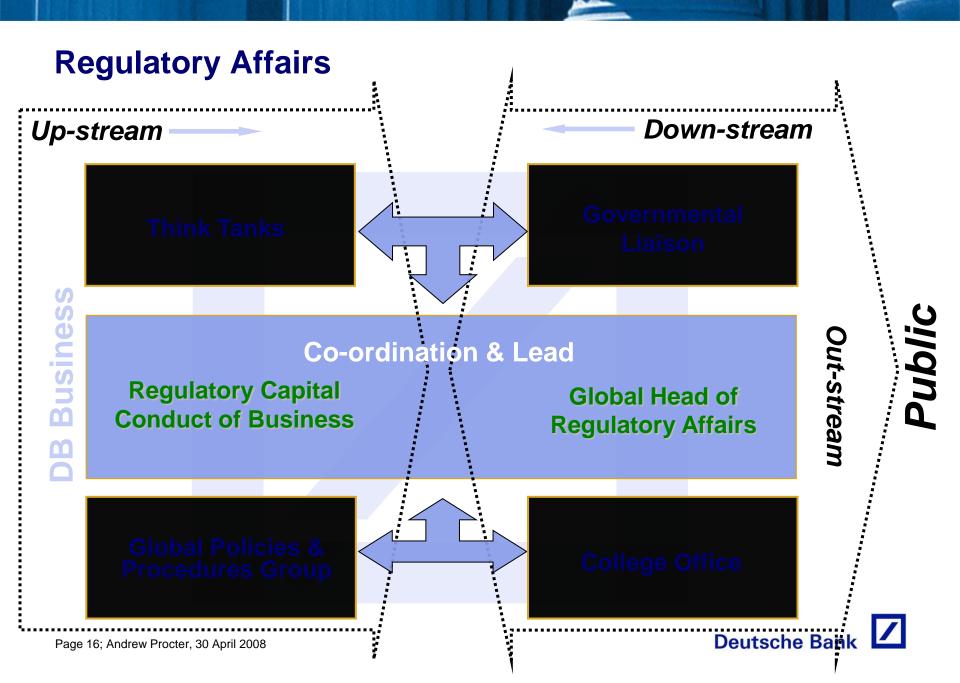
## **Compliance Risk Assessment Methodology (CRAM)**

- Compliance has developed and adopted a Global Compliance Risk Assessment Methodology (CRAM) covering more than 50 countries across all business lines
- Critical and significant risks increased by 22% from 2006, 75% of all high risks in Global Markets and Corporate Finance
- Drivers behind increased numbers of high risks are
  - increased regulatory focus, e.g., on Chinese walls,
  - increased cross-border and cross divisional business, and
  - tightening market conditions requiring more robust control environment





\* As of March 2008



## **Compliance Training**

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS**

#### Learning Content Management System

- Acts as a library of training content
- Allows rapid re-purposing of training content
- Reduces the need for custom courseware development

#### **Training E-Evaluation Tool**

- Automated evaluation of training
- Measures training quality and impact
- Identifies areas for improvement

#### **MAJOR PROGRAMS IN 2008 - NEW OR SIGNIFICANT REVISION**

- Supervision
- Anti-Money Laundering
- Chinese Walls
- Research
- Market Abuse

- Reputational Risk
- Client Communications
- AM Global Ethics
- Anti-Corruption
- Code of Conduct

- Suspicion Reporting
- Compliance Essentials
- New Client Adoption
- Embargo/NCA

