



OECD launches Centre on Green Finance and Investment

The scale of the transition to a green, low-emissions and climate-resilient economy is enormous – it is the biggest structural adjustment ever proposed in the field of international governance. This new OECD Centre will catalyse and support the transition to a green, low-emissions and climate-resilient global economy through the development of effective policies, institutions and instruments for green finance and investment.

- » [Access the website](#)
- » [Download the brochure](#)



Analysing potential bond contributions in a low-carbon transition

The first report published by the new OECD Centre on Green Finance and Investment, suggests that institutional investors have the potential to shift their asset allocations over time to absorb the increasing supply of low-carbon bonds. Institutional investors have driven the growth of the green bond market over the past decade and are on course to manage over USD 120 trillion in assets in the next 3 years.

- » [Download the report](#)



Financial literacy study finds many adults struggle with money matters

Adults in many countries around the world display low levels of financial knowledge, fail to engage in financial behaviours that could improve their financial security and have financial attitudes oriented towards the short-term, according to a new OECD/INFE study of adult financial literacy competencies for 30 countries and economies.

- » [Access the survey results](#)
- » [Read the news release](#)



State-to-State dispute settlement and the interpretation of investment treaties

Many governments have expressed concerns about the uncertainty generated by the perceived inconsistency of treaty interpretation in Investor-State dispute settlement. This working paper looks at the policy issues raised by the potential role of State-to-State dispute settlement in this area.

- » [Download the working paper](#)



Monitoring country implementation of the Anti-Bribery Convention

The 41 parties to the Anti-Bribery Convention are subject to systematic monitoring by the OECD Working Group on Bribery (WGB) on how well they implement the requirements of the Convention. The WGB has issued statements urging Russia and Ireland to make substantial progress on key recommendations.

- » [Russia](#)
- » [Ireland](#)



Updates on the fight against corruption in Azerbaijan, Georgia and Ukraine

The OECD has issued progress updates for three countries participating in the Istanbul Anti-Corruption Action Plan:

- » [Azerbaijan](#)
- » [Georgia](#)
- » [Ukraine](#)
- » [Learn more about the Action Plan](#)



Public consultation on foreign bribery and the liability of legal persons

The liability of legal persons is a key feature of the emerging legal infrastructure for the global economy. Without it, governments face a losing battle in the fight against foreign bribery and other complex economic crimes. This public consultation is seeking insights on systems for the liability of legal persons for foreign bribery. Deadline for comment: 28 October 2016.

- » [Visit the web page](#)
- » [Download the stocktaking report](#)
- » [Download the consultation document](#)



Forthcoming: OECD Pensions Outlook 2016

Covering both public and private pension systems, the 2016 edition of the Pensions Outlook analyses the latest developments in pension policies in OECD countries and assesses trends in retirement income systems. The Outlook will be released on 5 December 2016.

- » [Access the launch page](#)
- » [Learn more about OECD work on pensions](#)

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