G20-OECD anti-corruption conference for governments and business
Promoting transparency and integrity in organising sport and other major events and cutting-edge measures for governments and business to combat corruption will provide the focus for this high-level anti-corruption conference on 25-26 April co-organised by the G20 and OECD with UNODC support.

Cyprus: Further compressing the coiled spring
The Cyprus crisis is the result of policy mistakes and a failure of collective responsibility, as well as an illustration of what bad policy can do and could do if it’s not corrected. This OECD Insights blog by Adrian Blundell-Wignall talks about how this happened and makes proposals for the way forward.

Banking business models, ethics and risk approaches
As banking scandals and cases of financial fraud continue to undermine already low confidence in the financial sector, this financial roundtable report summarises the current outlook and risks for banks as well as banking business models, ethics and approaches towards risks.

Enforcement of foreign bribery laws in the Czech Republic and Denmark
The Working Group on Bribery, responsible for monitoring implementation of the OECD Anti-Bribery Convention, has published new reports for the Czech Republic and Denmark. The reports include recommendations for further improving the enforcement of foreign bribery laws in each country.

2013 Tokyo Roundtable on capital market reform in Asia
The implications of the European sovereign debt crisis for Asia, the globalisation of the funding of investments and the contribution of long-term institutional investors to growth are amongst the topics to be explored at the OECD-Asian Development Bank Tokyo Roundtable on 4-5 April.

Civil Society Policy Forum panel on the Guidelines for MNEs
A panel on the Guidelines at the World Bank/IMF Spring Meetings in Washington with civil society, business, trade and government representatives will discuss challenges in the financial and extractive sectors, effective implementation of the Guidelines and constructive solutions to issues arising from their alleged non-observance.

Renewable energies in the Middle East and North Africa
This report highlights the potential of the renewable energy sector, particularly solar and wind energy, for the Middle East and North Africa region. It argues that governments could boost economic growth, satisfy growing energy demand, and generate local jobs by attracting private investment in this sector.

Tanzania targets policy reforms designed to attract more investment
Tanzania is undertaking an investment policy review to identify policy options that will enable the country to attract higher investment. Tanzanian government officials presented the draft review in Paris on 19 March and engaged in a peer review discussion with African Ambassadors and OECD delegates.