

ADB/OECD Anti-Corruption Initiative for Asia and the Pacific

Anti Corruption Reform under the Action Plan's 3rd Implementation Cycle (2006-2008)

Papua New Guinea

Project 1: National Corruption Survey

1 Project Summary

Project Title:

National Corruption Survey

Priority Area for Reform:

Implementing Institution:

National Research Institute and TI (PNG) coordinated by Department of Prime Minister & NEC

Contact Person:

Dr. Webster, Mr Mathew Yuangu and Mike Manning

Beginning and End of the Project:

Beginning: 2 July 2006

End: 31 July 2006

2 Project Context

Which deficiencies and/or problems that allow corruption to proliferate does the project address and aim to resolve? Please outline the related current legal or institutional framework and its weaknesses or the exact circumstances that require improvement:

Establish extent and level of corruption in the country to convince the Government to give it priority and attention.

3 Expected Outcome of the Project

In relation to the above mentioned deficiencies and/or problems, which concrete improvements are expected to be achieved through the project? In which way does the project help to curb corruption?

Findings will help develop National Strategies to address corruption. It will also set the basis for annual surveys.

4 Components – Main Activities – Method

What are the project's components, implementation steps, main activities and/or methods to achieve the above mentioned outcome and objectives?

1. Engage the National Research Institute and TI(PNG) Chapter to carry out a 4-week study on corruption in the country to distinguish between perception and reality.
2. Develop the National Policy on Anticorruption and Improving Governance

5 Involvement of non-governmental actors and donors

In which way does the project involve civil society actors or other stakeholders and have they been consulted during the project development phase?

1. Transparency International PNG Chapter
2. Research Institutes and University of PNG
3. NGOs and Churches.

6 Related Projects under the 2nd Implementation Cycle

Is the project linked to reforms accomplished under the Action Plan's 2nd Implementation Cycle? In which way does this project follow up previous activities?

Nil

7 Project Financing and Budget

Approved or estimated overall project budget:

Estimate not yet known. Government must fund the research.

Is external funding required?

1. Yes
2. Funding assistance for costs of follow up workshops and development of National Strategy

If external funding is required, have donor organizations been approached yet, and have any commitments been made?

1. Yes
2. AusAID has expressed interest.

If external funding is required, what percentage of the total project costs requires external funding?

About 30%

8 Technical Assistance

Is external technical assistance required? Have relevant agencies been approached and have they made any commitments?

Project 2: National Anti-corruption Alliance Office Equipment

1 Project Summary

Project Title:

National Anti-corruption Alliance Office Equipment

Priority Area for Reform:

Implementing Institution:

Department of National Planning and Police

Contact Person:

Mr Nijib Tetang, Director for National Anti-corruption Alliance Secretariat

Beginning and End of the Project:

Beginning: Project revived in 2005 with appointment of Director in early March this year(2006)

End: Ongoing until office fully operational by end of this year

2 Project Context

Which deficiencies and/or problems that allow corruption to proliferate does the project address and aim to resolve? Please outline the related current legal or institutional framework and its weaknesses or the exact circumstances that require improvement:

1. Facilitate inter-agency cooperation
2. Share economic and manpower resources

3 Expected Outcome of the Project

In relation to the above mentioned deficiencies and/or problems, which concrete improvements are expected to be achieved through the project? In which way does the project help to curb corruption?

Improved investigation and prosecution will result in higher conviction rate which will be a deterrent to would be corrupters.

4 Components – Main Activities – Method

What are the project's components, implementation steps, main activities and/or methods to achieve the above mentioned outcome and objectives?

- A. Establishment Cost
 1. Funding for Position of Director – met by PNG Government
 2. Funding of Office Space – met by PNG Government
 3. Funding for Office Equipment – Request for donor funding
- B. Operational Costs
 1. Funding production of operational manual, guidelines and procedures – seek donor funding
 2. Funding investigation and prosecution of major corruption cases declared by NACA – met by PNG Government

5 Involvement of non-governmental actors and donors

In which way does the project involve civil society actors or other stakeholders and have they been consulted during the project development phase?

Non-government organizations and NGOs support NACA through the Consultative Implementation Monitoring Council (CIMC) process which brings all stakeholders together.

6 Related Projects under the 2nd Implementation Cycle

Is the project linked to reforms accomplished under the Action Plan's 2nd Implementation Cycle? In which way does this project follow up previous activities?

Implementation has been delayed from the past two cycles

7 Project Financing and Budget

Approved or estimated overall project budget:

K270,000 (USD 90,000) appropriation under the Law and Justice Program for 2006

Is external funding required?

1. Yes
2. Funding assistance for office equipment and printing of manuals

If external funding is required, have donor organizations been approached yet, and have any commitments been made?

1. Yes
2. Australian Government pledges support under the ECP framework.

If external funding is required, what percentage of the total project costs requires external funding?

Costs of training and provision of experts on attachment

8 Technical Assistance

Is external technical assistance required? Have relevant agencies been approached and have they made any commitments?

1. Need experts in the area of forensic accounting
2. In the long term, NACA will need special corruption prosecutors

Project 3: Workshop on the United Nations Convention against Corruption (UNCAC)

1 Project Summary

Project Title:

Workshop on the United Nations Convention against Corruption (UNCAC)

Priority Area for Reform:

International Convention(Treaty) obliges governments to take action on corruption through international cooperation.

Implementing Institution:

Department of Justice and Prime Minister & NEC

Contact Person:

Mr Jack Kariko and Mr Molean Kilepak and Mathew Yuangu

Beginning and End of the Project:

Beginning: 28 June 2006

End: series of workshops on the Articles of the Convention commencing on 28 June 2006.

2 Project Context

Which deficiencies and/or problems that allow corruption to proliferate does the project address and aim to resolve? Please outline the related current legal or institutional framework and its weaknesses or the exact circumstances that require improvement:

1. Education of key stakeholders on the provisions of UNCAC and the obligation contained therein will help implementation.
2. Understanding of the various Articles of the Convention will help fast-track its ratification by Parliament.
3. Implementation of UNCAC should help reduce corruption in the country.

3 Expected Outcome of the Project

In relation to the above mentioned deficiencies and/or problems, which concrete improvements are expected to be achieved through the project? In which way does the project help to curb corruption?

1. Ratification of UNCAC as the immediate outcome.
2. Draw up implementing legislation that addresses all areas that state parties are required to cover.
3. Set up institutional framework to implement the UNCAC (as required by UNCAC).

4 Components – Main Activities – Method

What are the project's components, implementation steps, main activities and/or methods to achieve the above mentioned outcome and objectives?

1. Organize a three-day workshop and invite international experts to give talks on various Articles of the Convention and how they relate to the country.

2. Develop assistance package to solicit support under international cooperation provision of the UNCAC.

5 Involvement of non-governmental actors and donors

In which way does the project involve civil society actors or other stakeholders and have they been consulted during the project development phase?

1. Transparency International PNG Chapter.
2. Other civil society groups and churches.

6 Related Projects under the 2nd Implementation Cycle

Is the project linked to reforms accomplished under the Action Plan's 2nd Implementation Cycle? In which way does this project follow up previous activities?

Nil

7 Project Financing and Budget

Approved or estimated overall project budget:

Estimate not yet known

Is external funding required?

1. Yes
2. Funding assistance for costs of bringing experts from outside the country for the workshop.

If external funding is required, have donor organizations been approached yet, and have any commitments been made?

1. Yes
2. UNDP had made an initial offer to sponsor a sub-regional UNCAC workshop in PNG.

If external funding is required, what percentage of the total project costs requires external funding?

Wholly donor-funded, possibility of UNDP assistance with this workshop.

8 Technical Assistance

Is external technical assistance required? Have relevant agencies been approached and have they made any commitments?

Need to identify experts in various areas covered under the UNCAC and invite them to speak at the workshop.