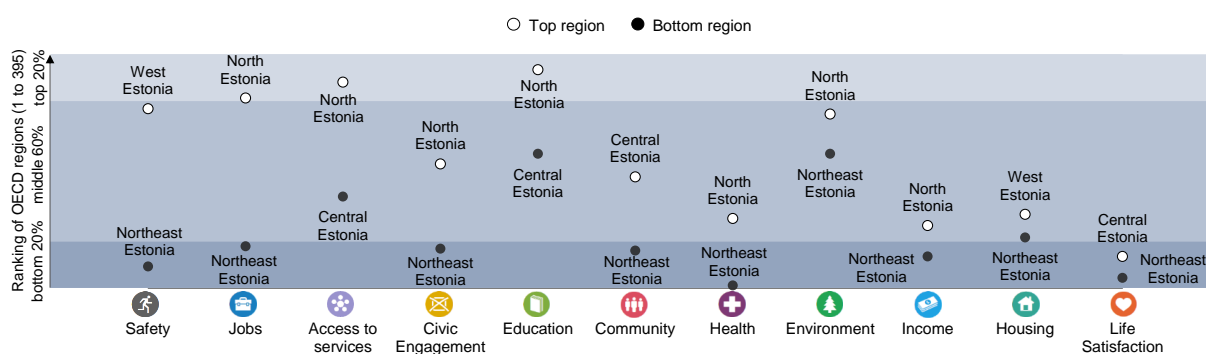


## REGIONAL WELL-BEING IN OECD COUNTRIES: ESTONIA

The largest regional disparities in Estonia are observed for safety, jobs, access to services and civic engagement. The region of North Estonia performs better than the other six Estonian regions in seven out of the eleven well-being dimensions, and it ranks among the top 20% of the OECD regions for jobs, access to services and education. All Estonian regions rank among the bottom 20% of the OECD regions for life satisfaction.

### Relative performance of Estonian regions by well-being dimension














Note: Relative ranking of the regions with the best and worst outcomes in the 11 well-being dimensions, with respect to all 395 OECD regions. The eleven dimensions are ordered by decreasing regional disparities in the country. Each well-being dimension is measured by the indicators in the table below.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: [www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org](http://www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org)

The high performing Estonian regions fare better than the OECD average in eight out of thirteen well-being indicators, and worse than the OECD average regarding life expectancy, mortality rate, rooms per person, income per capita and self-evaluation of life satisfaction. In the low performing regions, the disposable income per capita is less than half of the OECD average.

### How do the top and bottom regions in Estonia fare on the well-being indicators?

	Estonian regions		Country average	OECD average
	Top 20%	Bottom 20%		
 <b>Safety</b>				
Homicide Rate (per 100 000 people), 2013	1.7	6.6	3.8	3.4
 <b>Jobs</b>				
Employment rate (%), 2014	77.6	64.7	70.2	66.3
Unemployment rate (%), 2014	5.3	11.2	8.6	8.6
 <b>Access to services</b>				
Households with broadband access (%), 2014	87.6	71.8	81.0	69.8
 <b>Civic engagement</b>				
Voters in last national election (%), 2015	69.1	57.1	64.2	68.1
 <b>Education</b>				
Labour force with at least upper secondary education (%), 2014	93.4	85.6	91.4	74.3
 <b>Community</b>				
Perceived social support network (%), average 2006-14	90.8	82.9	87.2	88.9
 <b>Health</b>				
Life Expectancy at birth (years), 2013	77.5	73.7	77.3	79.7
Age-adjusted mortality rate (per 1 000 people), 2013	8.9	10.8	9.7	8.4
 <b>Environment</b>				
Level of air pollution in PM 2.5 (µg/m³), 2013	6.6	8.9	8.5	10.4
 <b>Income</b>				
Disposable income per capita (in USD PPP), 2013	10 523	6 551	8 459	17 916
 <b>Housing</b>				
Rooms per person, 2013	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.8
 <b>Life satisfaction</b>				
Self-evaluation of life satisfaction (scale from 0 to 10), average 2006-14	5.6	5.3	5.4	6.7

Note: Data in the first two columns refer to average values of top and bottom regions of national ranking and until the equivalent of 20% of the national population is reached.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: [www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org](http://www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org)