REGIONAL WELL-BEING IN OECD COUNTRIES: SWITZERLAND

All seven Swiss regions rank among the top 20% of the OECD regions in health, and among the bottom 20% for voter turnout (civic engagement). The largest regional disparities are found in community, access to services, safety and environment.

Relative performance of Swiss regions by well-being dimension

Note: Relative ranking of the regions with the best and worst outcomes in the 11 well-being dimensions, with respect to all 395 OECD regions. The eleven dimensions are ordered by decreasing regional disparities in the country. Each well-being dimension is measured by the indicators in the table below.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org

Both high and low performing Swiss regions fare better than the OECD average in all 13 well-being indicators, except for air pollution, voters in the last election and, for the low performing regions, number of rooms per person. The employment rate is 75% in the low performing Swiss regions, 8 percentage points above the OECD average.

How do the top and bottom regions in Switzerland fare on the well-being indicators?

Note: Data in the first two columns refer to average values of top and bottom regions of national ranking and until the equivalent of 20% of the national population is reached.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org