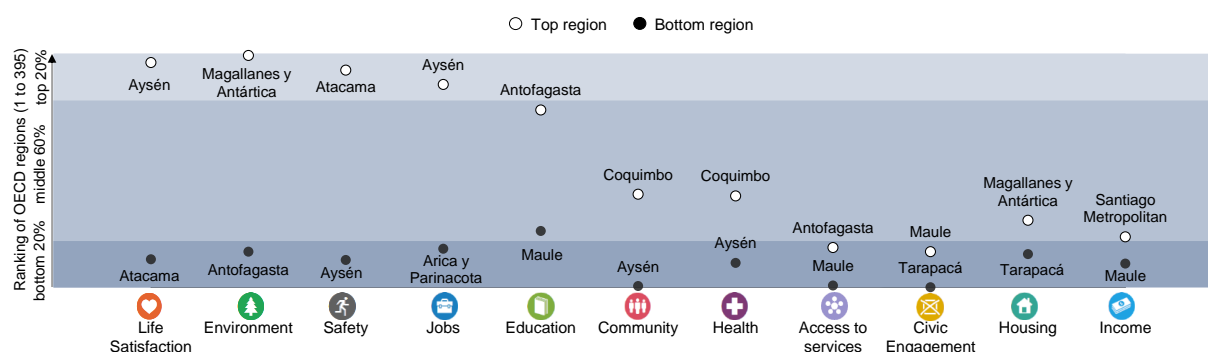


REGIONAL WELL-BEING IN OECD COUNTRIES: CHILE

Large regional disparities in Chile are found in life satisfaction, environment, safety, and jobs. In each of these dimensions at least one Chilean region ranks among the top 20% of the OECD regions and at least on region among the bottom 20% of the OECD regions. Small regional disparities are found in access to services, civic engagement, housing, and income, although in these dimensions all the thirteen Chilean regions rank among the bottom 30% of the OECD regions.

Relative performance of Chilean regions by well-being dimension














Note: Relative ranking of the regions with the best and worst outcomes in the 11 well-being dimensions, with respect to all 395 OECD regions. The eleven dimensions are ordered by decreasing regional disparities in the country. Each well-being dimension is measured by the indicators in the table below.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org

The high performing Chilean regions fare better than the OECD average in life satisfaction, air quality, homicide rate, employment and unemployment rates, share of labour force with at least a secondary degree and mortality rate. In the high performing regions, the share of households with broadband connection is 20 percentage points lower than the OECD average.

How do the top and bottom regions in Chile fare on the well-being indicators?

	Chilean regions		Country average	OECD average
	Top 20%	Bottom 20%		
 Life satisfaction Self-evaluation of life satisfaction (scale from 0 to 10), average 2006-14	7.2	6.3	6.4	6.7
 Environment Level of air pollution in PM 2.5 (µg/m³), 2013	2.7	8.8	4.8	10.4
 Safety Homicide Rate (per 100 000 people), 2013	1.8	3.9	3.1	3.4
 Jobs Employment rate (%), 2014 Unemployment rate (%), 2014	68.7 5.0	58.4 7.8	63.9 6.4	66.3 8.6
 Education Labour force with at least upper secondary education (%), 2014	84.8	69.1	79.1	74.3
 Community Perceived social support network (%), average 2006-14	88.2	78.6	83.5	88.9
 Health Life Expectancy at birth (years), 2013 Age-adjusted mortality rate (per 1 000 people), 2013	78.5 8.2	77.2 9.7	78.7 8.8	79.7 8.4
 Access to services Households with broadband access (%), 2014	50.7	17.8	36.0	69.8
 Civic engagement Voters in last national election (%), 2015	52.8	44.7	49.4	68.1
 Housing Rooms per person, 2013	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.8
 Income Disposable income per capita (in USD PPP), 2013	8 670	5 163	6 925	17 916

Note: Data in the first two columns refer to average values of top and bottom regions of national ranking and until the equivalent of 20% of the national population is reached.

Source: OECD Regional Well-Being Database: www.oecdregionalwellbeing.org