B.12. EARNINGS BY EDUCATIONAL LEVEL

Relative earnings of the population with income from employment (2004)
By level of education for 25-to-64-year-olds (upper-secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary education = 100)

Change in earning differentials1, 2
By level of skills for 25-to-64-year-olds (compared to workers having upper-secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary education)

Differences in earnings between females and males (2004)
Average annual earnings of females as a percentage of males by level of education of 25-to-64-year-olds

1. This indicator is calculated as follows: [(Final index value/Initial index value) ^ (1/n) -1] x 100; n being equal to the difference between final and initial year.
2. This figure should be read as follows: In Italy, over 1998-2002, the earning differentials of HRST workers with respect to those with an upper-secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary educational attainment, have decreased at an average annual rate of 4.5%.